Job printing of every description at the COLUMBIAN office. Largest and most complete equipment in the county. Consult us before ordering from out of t wn.

The Columbian.

Calendars are all gone. Come and get a copy of "Yours Truly," a pamphlet of illustrated humor, four numbers of which are given to every advance subscriber.

VOL 30 BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, AUGUST 16, 1895. NO 33

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

PEACE AND HARMONY PREVAIL.

JUDGE MILLARD NOMINATED, AND STRONG RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED.

The Columbia County Democracy met in convention in the Court House on Tuesday afternoon at two o'clock. The meeting was called to order by William Chrisman, chairman of the county committee.

Hon. C. R. Buckalew was unanimously elected chairman. Col. A. D. Seely and C. L. Pohe were chosen secretaries. C. E. Randall was appointed reading clerk. The call of the roll showed the following delegates present:

Beaver,—Simon Hons, C. A. Shuman.

Benton, Boro.,—Clark Fiedler, C. B. Ikeler.

Benton, Twp.,—A. Hartman, G. W. Knouse.

Berwick, N. E.—no election.

Berwick, S. E.—A. D Seely, Hud Kline.

Berwick, N. W.,—C. E. West, William Oliver.

Berwick, S. W.,—Geo. E. Clemons, C. W. Nugent.

Bloomsburg, 1st, Dist.,—C. R. Buckalew, W. E. Knorr.

Bloomsburg, 2nd. Dist.,—Harry Housel, J. E. Welliver.

Bloomsburg, 3rd. Dist.,—Wm. Derr, R. Buckingham, J. Rehm.

Bloomsburg, 4th. Dist.,—Frank Knorr, F. Schwinn.

Briarcreek,—R. G. F. Kshinka, A. B. Croop.

Catawissa Borough,—G. B. Rhawn, C. L. Pohe, W. H. Rhawn.

Catawissa Township,—Dan Longenberger, W. T. Creasy.

Centralia, 1st Ward,—Patrick McHugh, Jos. Garvin.

Centralia, 2nd. Ward,—Richard Cain, Patrick McGinly.

Centre,—John Delong, Edward Stewart.

Cleveland,—No election.

Conyngham, E. North,—Patrick Cain, Jas. Head.

Conyngham, West North,—Robt. Canfield, D. Smith.

Conyngham, West,—Patrick Gillespy, Peter O'Gara.

Conyngham, South East,—Thos. McAlister, W. Riley.

Conyngham, South West,—No credentials.

Fishingcreek, East,—Cyrus Robbins, B. F. Edgar.

Fishingcreek, West,—T. H. Edgar, John W. Wenner.

Franklin,—Ambrose Hile, Edward Englehart.

Greenwood, East—A. G. Black, Augustus Stauder.

Greenwood, West—Samuel A. Miller, C. M. Blaker.

Hemlock,—Chas. Harris, E. P. Cameron.

Jackson,—John Savage, Jefferson Fritz.

Locust,—Daniel Knorr, Charles Miller.

Madison,—Augustus Hartline, J. E. Wintersteen.

Main,—Frank Shuman, J. J. Gearhart.

Millville Boro,—C. S. Eyerly, J. A. Howard.

Mifflin,—W. P. Hetler, H. H. Boyd, Benj. Pennypacker.

Montour,—Geo. Summers, William Mensch.

Mt. Pleasant,—J. K. Mordan, Hiram Bogart.

Orange,—J. B. Montgomery, J. W. Hidlay.

Pine, S.—Benj. Applegate, C. B. Applegate.

Roaringcreek,—Jos. Helwig, D. W. Rarig.

Scott, East—No election.

Scott, West—Wesley Betts, A. C. Keim.

Sugarloaf, North—A. M. Vansickle, M. F. Shoemaker.

Sugarloaf, South—W. A. Kile, E. J. Albertson.

The chair then announced that inasmuch as the entire convention vote was cast for Hon. Mordecai Millard as nominee for Associate Judge, he declared him duly nominated for that office.

R. Buckingham Esq. offered the following resolution:

Resolved, that Col. John G. Freeze, Fred Ikeler, W. H. Henrie, Peter Beam and Charles Gibbons be and are hereby elected delegates to the Democratic State Convention to be held at Williamsport, on September 11th next. It was unanimously adopted, W. H. Rhawn Esq. offered the following resolutions, which were also unanimously adopted:

We, the representatives of the Democratic party of Col. Co. in Convention assembled, in view of the legislation of the Republican party during the time it has been in power, the reckless extravagance and the public plunder which have characterized its whole political existence and rendered it justly amenable to the condemnation of an independent and enlightened public opinion do unanimously

Resolve, That we hereby reiterate our adherence to and confidence in the principles and policy of the Democratic party as exemplified in the pure, economical and patriotic administration of President Cleveland, and pledge ourselves to the support of the sound financial doctrine advocated by him and of the system of tariff taxation upon which he was nominated and elected.

That the Democratic administration of Gov. Pattison, wise, fearless and dignified, stands out in brilliant contrast with that of the present Republican administration, which has shown itself to be the tool of the most corrupt politicians of the party, has increased the expense of the State government more than $1,000,000 per annum, has squandered the taxes up on swarms of new offices and officers, useless and burdensome to the people, has given to the corporations increased power for plundering the public, and has made even the judicary of the commonwealth subservient to the political aspirations of the Governor in his disgraceful scramble for place and power. That it is the judgment of this convention that six gentlemen of known integrity, ability and legal learning should be nominated for judges of the Superior Court, whereby the people of the commonwealth may be able to select a Bench of Judges free from political appointment and dictation and the influence of partisan power.

We recommend as a proper candidate for that position the Hon. Jos. C. Bucher, of Union county, twice elected to the Bench in a Republican district, and whose twenty years of experience and well known ability prove his fitness for higher judicial station; and we hereby instruct our delegates to the Democratic State Convention at Williamsport, to use every honorable effort to secure his nomination as one of the Judges for that Court.

That we endorse and approve the course and votes of our Senator and Representatives in the General Assembly as reflecting the views and policy of the Democratic party; and especially is their opposition to the creation of new and useless offices and the increase of salaries of the old ones, whereby meritorous and necessary improvements and institutions were left without proper aid and support.

We congratulate our Revenue Collector, Hon. Grant Herring, upon his administration of the affairs of the office of Internal Revenue Collector as reflecting credit upon the Democratic party.

Hon. C. R. Buckalew was then requested to address the convention. He said that last year we were struck down and that the controlling cause was hard times. The current was against industry and labor. It was universal. In our own county we were short 1000. In this congressional district we were short over 800. The great cause that struck us in the district was hard times. A new revenue bill had been passed by congress. There was no reason why our opponents should have raised a cry against this bill.

Now we stand on firmer ground, and the prospects before us is encouraging and brilliant. Industry is reviving, and laboring people are prosperous and growing in prosperity. To our noble Democratic President we owe the present condition of things. I have no fears of the future. We are still good for 2500 majority in this county, when we try for it. He closed with a few remarks on the rules of the party in the county.

Mr. Buckingham moved that the rules stand as they are. The chair ruled the motion as superfluous, as the rules stand until changed by a two-thirds vote of the convention. Mr. Buckingham withdrew his motion and moved that the convention adjourn. The motion was carried, and the convention adjourned.

A Seedy But Sassy Editor.

The lady (?) who yesterday called the attention of annother to our patched breeches, whereat they both laughed so heartily, is informed that a new pair will be purchased when her husband's bill is settled. It has been due nearly a year. Don't criticise a printer's dress too closely while you are wearing silk with money due us. Tell your husband to send us $40.78 and save the cost of a lawsuit. We need another pair of pants.—*Lebanon (Ill.) Journal.*

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

A regular meeting of Town Council was held last Tuesday evening.

James Scarlet, Esq., of Danville, appeared in behalf of the North Susquehanna Transit Company and asked that a time be fixed for hearing the representatives of that company. He stated that the line will run from Danville to Shickshinny.

Miss Amelia Armstrong appeared before council concerning her pavement, adjoining C. A. Kleim's. There has been considerable difficulty over this matter. A liberal discourse followed between Miss Armstrong and the council, lasting an hour or more.

E. D. Mullen, general manager of the Bloomsburg Electric Light Co., was present and spoke of the cost, etc. of electric light, claiming the Bloomsburg plant cost them $47,000 in all. Will furnish six additional arc lights free of cost until expiration of contract—June, 1896, or will make contract for 56 lights at $80. If Catawissa will take light the plant will be enlarged and a wire extended from Bloomsburg to that place. This would necessitate an outlay on part of the Electric Company of about $15,000, and if arrangements are made satisfactory, work would be started within forty-eight hours. He said the original stockholders would get interest or the same as the foreign parties get in due proportion.

J. L. Wolverton asked for a gutter on west side of West street along his property. Referred to committee on highways.

Fire plug matter on Centre and corner Fifth and West streets taken up. Committee report progress.

Gorrey and Wilson moved that the time of paying taxes be extended 30 days from August 15. Carried.

On motion the secretary is directed to issue orders for the witness fees in the Ringrose case.

The following resolution was unanimously passed by Council: Resolved that Miss Armstrong be requested to so raise her pavement next to Kleim's to prevent accident from stumbling, and that the actual expense for such work be borne by the town, and that if she declines the proposition that the street commissioner be instructed to raise the walk at the place mentioned.

Committee on sewer recommended an extension of sewer line in river 300 feet; also that the First street sewer be put in at once; also that a branch be run up Pine street to house now being built by Michael Casey Report accepted.

Bills presented.

Water Co., hydrants.....	$ 54.67
Elec. Light Co. to July 1st..	1,087.50
Water Co., water at hall.....	2.17
B. & S. R. R. Co., telegraph poles	2.00
W. O. Holmes, work, &c....	51.16
Extra policemen, July.....	25.00
Water Co., July 5 ex.hydrants,	86.67
Creasy & Wells, lumber, &c.,	23.76
Frank Baum, killing dog....	1.00
A. V. Hower, 7 mo. watchman.....	7.00
D. Laycock, serving tax notices, &c.....	16.17
L. Gross, police suit and hat.	15.75
Brown for sprinkling.....	2.00
Dem. Sentinel Ord. &c.....	78.00
Geo. E. Elwell, printing, &c.	41.50
J. C. Brown, printing, &c....	79.00
G. B. Martin, smithing.....	5.84
J. C. Brown, engineer.....	76.52
C. H. Bomboy, ties used by town.....	8.10
Policemen for July.....	60.00
Secretary for July.....	20.00

On motion bills ordered paid.

The Rescue Fire Company handed over keys and disbanded.

Permits were granted to Mrs. Seesholtz and Alfred Hower for additions to building.

Mr. Eves is ordered to put his pavement in a safe condition within 30 days.

A TROLLEY LINE FOR DANVILLE.

The Town Council has granted permission to The North Susquehanna Transit Company to lay its tracks over certain streets in the Borough, and it is understood work will be commenced very shortly and the road completed as rapidly as possible. If the rights of way can be secured throughout the surrounding country without litigation, we will no doubt have trolley cars running through the town in a few months. Our citizens will anxiously await the completion of this road, and when it is placed in operation, The North Susquehanna Transit Company will receive a very generous patronage from the people of Danville and vicinity.—*Montour American.*

BRIEF MENTION.

Barton Pursel, clerk at Pursel & Harman's is off this week on a vacation.

Mrs. W. H. Moore, and Mrs. J. B. McHenry spent Sunday at Mountain Grove.

Cyrus Robbins, of Asbury, visited the county seat on business on Tuesday.

William B. Shultz, of Rohrsburg, an old subscriber, was in town on Monday.

R. C. Neal, of Harrisburg, spent Tuesday in town with his father.

A daughter has come to the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. Rush Zarr.

C. H. Lawell is home from Philadelphia for a two week's vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Perrin of New York, are visiting at F. P. Drinker's.

P. P. Bliss, of Philadelphia, is spending a part of his vacation in town.

Miss May Barkley went to Waukegan, Ills., on Monday, on a visit.

Mrs. Sylvester Solleder and children are on a two-weeks vacation among friends in Benton.

Hon. C. R. Buckalew and wife we noticed among passengers on the down train on the B. & S. on Tuesday morning.

Mrs. Layton Runyon and daughter, Miss Maude, went to Atlantic City on Thursday to spend a week.

Will H. Carter, of Mahanoy City, land agent of the Lehigh Valley Coal Co., spent Wednesday in town.

W. A. Kile, the Democratic veteran of Sugarloaf, was one of the delegates from that township on Tuesday.

Ex-treasure, Adam Johnson was one of the attendants at the county convention on Tuesday.

Miss Hastings, a former teacher at the Normal, has been visiting Miss Eva Rupert. Her residence is in Hartford.

A. Lincoln Tustin, who has been out West for some time for the benefit of his health, has returned home.

J. G. Wells and family, Miss Bess Kuhn and W. C. Sloan, spent Saturday and Sunday at Ganoga Lake.

Charles Marsch, of New Columbus, an old subscriber of the COLUMBIAN, took a recent visit with his family to the home of Rev. Clark Callender, of West Nanticoke.

Mr. William Neal was seized with an attack of illness last Saturday night, and is still feeling the effects of it, though somewhat improved.

A young son of J. K. Pensyl is dangerously sick with what the attending physician now pronounces brain fever. The patient is an interesting boy about 8 years old.

Mr. Rhone Trescott, of the Millville "Tablet," stepped in to call briefly on the COLUMBIAN during the convention on Tuesday afternoon.

I. J. Jamison, who was assistant editor of this paper for more than a year, is with us again this week, filling his former position, and helping us out with a rush of work.

Mr. Amos Buckalew, who has been so long and seriously afflicted, and whom we had been led to hope might recover, is now reported as very weak and nervous, and beyond all hope of recovery.

Ex-Commissioner, B. F. Edgar, took a hasty waddle to catch the train at Zaners' on Tuesday. The train was on time strictly, and Mr. Edgar got there by brushing the morning dew off the grass pretty lively.

The young son of Mr. A. Biery, the undertaker, who was so seriously injured recently by a fall across a board, is reported to us as in a critical condition. It was necessary to perform a surgical operation recently with the hope of saving his life.

Taking on flesh rapidly: J. M. Gidding, the clothier. He is getting too big for his clothes—that is those he used to wear. He claims however, to be able to fit all shapes and sizes, and is therefore comparatively secure against nakedness.

Matthew McReynolds, C. P. Elwell, E. H. Harrar, Alex. Cohen, P. F. Reedy and H. H. Crease, left here Monday morning early for Roaringcreek, where they will camp out for the week. W. A. Hartzell took them down. Frank Parks is doing their cooking.

Mr. E. F. Stevens, wife and two children, of Acme, West Virginia, are taking a brief outing among friends at New Columbus. Mr. Stevens, once a poor farmer boy is now principal of the flourishing Stevens Coal Company of West Virginia, having acquired much of his financial success through his executive ability and good business management.

Mr. I. W. Hartman will join the Ocean Grove excursionists, and, after spending three days at this popular summer resort, he will spend the balance of his time in Philadelphia with his son in-law and daughter. Mrs. Hartman expected to accompany her husband, but the rush for camp-meeting having filled their old apartments at the Grove, she concluded to remain at home this season.

Mr. John A. Funston went to Sullivan county last Friday to confer with the officials of the Lehigh Valley railroad with reference to the erection of a depot and crossing at Mildred station. He owns a large tract of land there, and Mildred is a growing place, containing sixty private residences, five hotels, and numerous other business places. The depot will be located on Mr. Funston's land. A handsome new church is being constructed, of which Rev. J. A. Enright is pastor, and to whose energy the building of the church is due. To any other responsible church organization that will erect a church building. Mr. Funston will contribute one half a square of lots.

BY FAIR DEALING WE THRIVE.

Our Thinking--

Our goods are just right would not keep our business afloat.

Our thinking does not cause you to come to our store. Yours does that.

Your trade is essential to our method of transacting business. Without it we should soon exhaust the field, and, like Alexander the Great, weep because there were no more worlds to conquer. Since we've got to have you buy more than one suit to make business the success for which we strive, on your first suit we're likely to give you the best we can produce for the money, are we not? We're situated just the same way the next time, until we are ready to go out of business. We're not likely to give you anything but the best values for your money for years to come. If that time ever comes, we'll be too proud of our history to spoil it in the last chapter.

Reason a Little -

With yourself. Do we want to keep or lose your patronage, which? Judge us by our ways and goods. That's a fair test, and its backed by a guarantee that GUARANTEES. Its to our interest to have you buy all of your own and your boys outfittings of us. If we give you poor goods, poor workmanship, or less value than you can get elsewhere, you wont. Ask yourself. You're out nothing until you see the goods. If we've misrepresented them, or they are not better than you can get for the same money elsewhere, bring them back and get your money. You're still out nothing. You won't bring them back if you're a good judge—we assume you are. You'll appreciate the value all the more for that. Heed not what would-be competitors say about us or our goods. We're trying to please you, not them. We're working for your trade, not theirs.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
ONE PRICE
CLOTHIERS, HATTERS & FURNISHERS
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Hats for the Fall of '95.

AN ENORMOUS LINE AT THE

D. Lowenberg Clothing Store.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT EVER SHOWN.

All New Goods.
The Latest Shapes.
The Nobbiest Shades.

See the men's elegant Tourists for $1.00. A dozen different shades. Stiff hats, the latest shapes, full crowns, $1.00 Dunlap and Youman shapes, $2.00. Feather weight stiff hats, $2.75. 1 in a box.

A beautiful assortment of caps—Golf, Eton, and Yacht, at 25 and 50c.

The place to save money on hats is

BLOOMSBURG'S MOST POPULAR HATTERS, CLOTHIERS, AND FURNISHERS,

THE

D. LOWENBERG

Clothing Store.

AN AGE OF LAW.

The time is coming very soon when all affairs of life,
From matters of importance to the little household strife,
We'll find are regulated on a plan without a flaw,
And ev'ry thought and action is provided for by law.

By law we do our working and by law we have to shave;
The law will haunt us living, and will follow to the grave.
The matters of the barbers must have been a problem vexed,
But now that it is settled why the question is: What next?

It looks as if in time to come by law we'll have to cook,
And if we want to read a bit the law will name the book;
In planning for vacations, too, by law we will be led;
By law we'll do our eating and by law we'll go to bed.

By law we'll do our talking, as will, too, the parson preach;
We'll bar all forms of learning, then, but what the law may teach.
By law we'll do our courting and by law we'll even sigh;
By law we'll live and grow and fight and love and even die.

The law will lay down rules for us for every little thing;
We'll have to see a lawyer if we even want to sing;
And yet it may be possible—the thought must make us pause—
The trouble is at present that we have too many laws. —Chicago Post.

HER LOVE STORY.

"Aren't you going to speak to me, Miss Noreys? I've been trying to catch your eye for some time, but you seem determined not to see me."

The girl to whom this remark was addressed was standing rather apart from the group of people assembled on the lawn at a garden party. She started and looked up suddenly, her face lighting up with pleasure at sight of the man before her, and then held out her hand with a quick gesture of welcome, which he took and held, perhaps a trifle longer than the occasion warranted.

"Day dreaming, as usual," he laughed. "A penny for your thoughts."

"They are not worth a penny, they were about you," and Mollie Noreys looked up merrily into his face as she spoke.

"You flatter me and snub me in one breath, in a most cruel manner, Miss Noreys, but to return to practical life, have you had any tea?"

"No, thank you; I don't care for any."

"Then, if you really won't have any, come and show me the beauties of this dear old garden, will you?"

He spoke the request in an almost commanding tone, but the look that accompanied it made that command dangerously attractive to the girl.

"Of course I will," she answered, briskly. "It is a dear old garden, isn't it, and the roses will be in perfection just now."

"Captain Dalton seems very devoted to that Miss Noreys," one girl said to another.

"Yes, indeed, he is with her everywhere. I hear that at Mrs. Townley's garden party they were together the whole afternoon, and barely spoke to any one else. Such very bad form altogether, unless they're engaged. But I don't believe they are."

"Engaged! rather not," replied the first speaker with amused scorn. "Capt. Dalton is a terrible flirt, and that silly little Mollie Noreys imagines he is serious; she can't have had much attention from men before; her head seems completely turned."

"I can't think what he sees in her to admire. I consider her most insignificant looking." And the speaker, a very tall, rather florid young woman, looked round as if challenging comparison.

"Well, my dear Ada," replied her friend with the slightest suspicion of a sneer, "we can't all be like you, you know, and for my part, I think it is a very good thing that 'beauty is in the eye of the beholder,' but upon my word I can't imagine what Capt. Dalton sees in her to admire. Why, she actually makes her own frocks."

Meanwhile, Capt. Dalton and Mollie had wandered away to the rose garden.

"Let us sit down here and talk, shall we?" said he, indicating a rustic seat in one of the grottos.

"Yes, by all means. And isn't it all pretty?" she added, enthusiastically. "You ought to be very grateful to me for introducing you to such a pretty spot. I was so surprised to see you here this afternoon," she went on, suddenly lifting her eyes, to find his fixed on her this afternoon," she went on, suddenly lifting her eyes, to find his fixed on her in a way that caused her to hastily drop them again. "I though," shyly, "you didn't care about garden parties."

"Neither do I, and that's why I'm here, which may sound contradictory; but didn't you tell me you were coming? I came on purpose to spend the afternoon with you, so now let us enjoy ourselves. Won't you let me get you some fruit? I see some lovely peaches on that little table over there."

"I should like a peach very much, but I'm afraid of spoiling my best and only gloves."

By and by, after they had been talking for some time, he said, suddenly turning toward her:

"Do you know, I ought to have been at another garden party all this time. I promised a fellow I would look in on my way back from here, and give him a seat in my cart back to barracks. It's all your fault, and I shall tell him so."

"I am so sorry," Mollie replied, looking quite grieved.

"Did I say you had detained me against my will? On the contrary, I prefer your society."

"Indeed, and I feel highly flattered!" jumping up and making him a mock curtesy.

"I assure you I mean it, Miss Noreys. I wish you wouldn't laugh at me."

"I think, on the contrary, it is you who are laughing at me. Truthfully now," looking steadily at her companion's face, "don't you think because I am little you can treat me like a child, who can be flattered with thinking anything. You do not treat me with the same respect you would if I were tall and stately. How I wish I were tall!" pensively. "It would be so nice to be able to look down on people from a superior height, like Mrs. Fuller does, for instance."

"I am very glad you are not like Mrs. Fuller; if you were I shouldn't be here talking to you now."

"Shouldn't you? Then I am glad too; but how funny of you to like little women. I suppose it is because you yourself are so tall, and one generally likes one's opposite. I think"—she went on after a slight pause, and looking at him steadily—"I think you are too—not exactly conceited—but self-reliant, shall I say, ever to care for a woman who might seem to be on your level. You would like her to look up to you in every sense of the word, and in fact to be rather dependent on you. Is that not so?"

"If you mean that I should not like a great gawky, overbearing woman like Mrs. Fuller, for instance, you are quite right; and what is more to the point I do like a certain little woman very much—a sweet, lovable little woman who, to my mind, is all that a woman should be. You can surely guess? Mollie, I——"

But the words he would have spoken were checked by the sudden appearance of two girls in the pathway directly in front of him. Hastily dropping Mollie's hand, Capt. Dalton muttered something suspiciously like—"Missing word?" you know. And looked both angry and embarrassed.

Mollie, with her woman's wits about her, said laughingly to the two girls:

"Do come and have some of this lively fruit. I really believe Capt. Dalton greedily wanted to keep it all for himself. Do have some. I can thoroughly recommend these peaches," at the same time pulling two chairs forward.

"Pray don't trouble, Miss Noreys, we would not interrupt your pleasant tete-a-tete for the world. I am sure you must hate us for bursting upon you in this way."

This was said in a tone that was meant to pass for badinage, but which only succeeded in being ill-bred chaff, and as such utterly repugnant to a refined nature like Mollie's. She flushed up hotly and opened her lips, as if to speak. Then thinking better of it, she said, turning to Capt. Dalton:

"Shall we go back to the lawn, I expect my father is ready to go by this time."

And turning as she spoke she walked away, her little figure drawn up to its full height, and her eyes glistening with angry mortified tears. She almost ran in her anxiety to get back to the rest of the company, and in fear lest her companion should allude to that other girl's remarks about them both.

Meanwhile the two girls who had interrupted them inopportunely looked at each other in a meaning way, and one of them said, "Well!" with a self-satisfied emphasis on the "well." "All I can say is, that if they are not engaged they ought to be. She can have no self respect."

"She has done all she can to catch him, so I suppose she will be very pleased with herself at her success."

Then turning together, they walked back, following slowly behind Capt. Dalton and Mollie.

* * * * * * *

"How do, Dalton?" said Major Donne to him a few days later. "Is this a true bill against you?"

"What do you mean?"

"Come now, my dear fellow, don't pretend to misunderstand me. You know well enough," this with a meaning look.

"And, by Jove, my boy I congratulate you heartily. A more charming girl it would be hard to find. You must stand us drinks all round, to propose your health and Miss Noreys'."

This speech was made at the mess before several of Capt. Dalton's brother officers.

"It's utterly untrue, sir," he answered, starting up indignant and bewildered at the statement.

"Untrue!" reiterated the Major. "I don't understand. I heard it announced as a fact."

"Who dared to say such a thing?"

"That I must refuse to disclose," answered Major Donne, now fully aware of his mistake.

"Excuse me, sir, but I have a right to know the fellow's name, that I may give him a thrashing for daring to couple a lady's name with mine, to her annoyance."

"I am exceedingly sorry, Dalton, that you should have had this annoyance, but I had it from a lady, who professed herself to be a great friend of Miss Noreys, so, of course, I never doubted the truth of it."

"Then you may tell the lady, whoever she may be, that there is absolutely no truth in her statement. I might have known it was some cackling old woman that spread such a report, and, as you have helped in spreading it, I must ask you to contradict it at once."

"I say, look here, Dalton, old chap," put in one of the other men, "are you sure you never led the lady to suppose she was engaged to you? Very likely she spread the report herself, hoping to clinch the matter. I was served that way myself once at Malta, but luckily the regment was leaving and I flatter myself I got out of the whole thing rather neatly."

"How? The information may be useful to me, if that is the way we guileless men are caught," this remark from the youngest sub. present."

"Well, it was like this: I had flirted with the girl a good bit, I suppose, until our names got coupled together. Then some one asked her if we were engaged, and she tacitly allowed it to be supposed we were. One day, not long after, we were together at the Governor's ball, and at supper she turned to me and said, loud enough to be heard by every one, 'Do you know what people are saying? They say that you and I are engaged.' 'But we know better,' I answered, also loud enough to be heard by everybody. By Jove, you should have seen that girl's face; it was a study, and upon my word even I felt sorry for her."

At this point Capt. Dalton looked up quickly, and laughed, as if an idea had just occurred to him.

"Thank you for the suggestion," he said, and turning on his heel, he left the room.

* * * * * * *

Those few unspoken words were never said to Mollie, for manlike Capt. Dalton jumped at the conclusion that the girl was trying to catch him. He forgot that there is such a thing as malicious congratulating a man on his rumored engagement.—Daisy Pender-Cudlip in New York Advertiser.

HIS FIRST EXPERIENCE.

He Was a Trifle Bashful and Didn't Know the Ways.

It was a self evident fact that I was rattled. Any one would have been.

When my landlady escorted me to the dining room and introduced me to her household collectively and then left me standing there like an ossified idiot, without even deigning to show me a seat, it both angered and rattled me.

I succeeded in concealing my ill temper, but the fact that I was rattled became painfully patent.

I sat down in the first vacant seat and tried to look as if I was in the bosom of my family.

The man opposite sympathetically prescribed the electrical treatment for facial paralysis. Upon thinking this over calmly I am forced to believe that he was attempting to guy me.

Then a line of servants charged upon me. Dishes were presented on both sides, and the boy handed the butter from the opposite side of the table. The dish on the left contained onions. I loathe onions. That on the right was an unknown quantity. It looked like strawberry shortcake and smelled like ham. I was driven to the butter.

The butter dish had a handle that resembled a miniature Arc de Triomphe. In addition to this the bottom moved around like the perforated interior of a soap dish.

I gracefully inserted the butter knife under the Arc de Triomphe and tried to slice off a piece of the composition. Then a most mysterious thing occurred—the inner dish turned as if on an invisible axis and gracefully dumped the butter into my neighbor's lap.

He remarked, "——!" and hurriedly left the room.

This did not add to my composure.

I suddenly became conscious of a presence in the room. The landlady had returned and was stonily regarding the remains of the butter.

It was a hot day, and I feared that during my struggles I might have wilted my collar. I need not have feared—the atmosphere around me had become chilly and remained so.

I grew more rattled. I put a spoonful of sugar in my glass of water. I inadvertently appropriated my left hand neighbor's piece of bread which he had laid down beside his plate. This angered him. He made an uncomplimentary remark about my cheek. I felt that I was blushing violently.

I rubbed my plate the wrong way with my knife, and it "squiggled." Every one looked at me. My tongue began to thicken and my head to swim. A hand touched me on the shoulder, and a voice said:

"Beg pardon, but you are occupying my seat."

In desperation I pushed back my chair, partially overturning my right hand neighbor—arose—collided with a waitress—causing her to invert a dish of onions on a maiden's lady's corkscrew curled head—and rushed to the door followed by several rather nasty remarks.

I have sworn off on boarding houses.—William James Coffin in Life.

Fast.

"That pair of horses is all right," asserted the man in plaid trousers positively.

"Sound and kind?" the innocent purchaser continued, pursuing his critical examination.

"Sure."

"And fast?"

"Fast! Those horses will show you a 2:30 clip any day."

So the innocent purchaser bought them, but the next morning he was back again, his hair curling in indignation.

"Fast!" he shrieked. "Did you not say they were fast?"

The man in plaid trousers bowed.

"Two-thirty horses, I think you said?" cried the innocent purchaser sarcastically.

The man in plaid trousers bowed again.

"Why, man," yelled the innocent purchaser, "I can't get 'em a mile in less than five minutes!"

"Well, ain't that 2:30 apiece?" retorted the man in plaid trousers, his wrath blazing. "What you yowling round here about?"

Then the innocent purchaser came to himself and got off the premises. He realized that if he fell down there in a fit the horse man would charge him hospital rates.—New York Recorder.

Pure Friendship.

He—Do you know this question of street car etiquette is getting to be very complicated?

She—How so?

He—Well, there was a time when it would have been considered a terrible offense against manners for a man not to give up his seat to a woman. As it is, women have forced themselves into an equality with men to such an extent that it isn't required so much. Half of them don't even stop to thank one.

She—Then you don't always give up your seat to a lady?

He—That depends. I discriminate. If she is young, pretty and charming, I always make an exception and offer my seat.

She—Oh, I see. What would you do in my case?

He—That's different. You are a friend. —Brooklyn Life.

Beneficial Exercise.

Clara—I have not seen Mr. Nicefello with you lately.

Maud—He is practicing at the boat club.

"I did not know he cared for rowing."

"He doesn't, but he joined a crew to please me."

"To please you?"

"Yes. I thought rowing would strengthen his arms."—New York Weekly.

Art Note.

First Lady (with large conversational aperture)—Can't you make the mouth a little smaller?

Photographer—Great Scott! Do you want a picture without any mouth at all? I've pared it down three inches already.—Texas Siftings.

These Foolish Questions.

Stiffkins (a neighbor)—Hello, Jones, what you doing? Laying down a carpet?

Jones (who has just whacked his thumb)—No, you blasted idiot; the carpet was here when we moved in. I am just putting the floor under it.—Truth.

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2d " —Wm. F. Wernse, President Guarantee Loan and Mortgage Company, St. Louis.
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BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY. RETAIL PRICES.

Butter per lb	$ .18
Eggs per dozen	.16
Lard per lb	.12½
Ham per pound	.12½
Pork, whole, per pound	.06
Beef, quarter, per pound	.07 to .10
Wheat per bushel	.80
Oats " "	.45
Rye " "	.65
Wheat flour per bbl	4.20
Hay per ton	8.00
Potatoes per bushel,	.80
Turnips " "	.25
Onions " "	1.00
Sweet potatoes per peck	.25 to .30
Tallow per lb	.4½
Shoulder " "	.11
Side meat " "	.10
Vinegar, per qt	.07
Dried apples per lb	.05
Dried cherries, pitted	.12
Raspberries	.14
Cow Hides per lb	.3½
Steer " " "	.05
Calf Skin	.80
Sheep pelts	.75
Shelled corn per bus	.75
Corn meal, cwt	2.00
Bran, "	1.20
Chop "	1.35
Middlings "	1.25
Chickens per lb new	.12
" " " old	.22
Turkeys " "	.15
Geese " "	.10
Ducks " "	.10

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No. 6, delivered	2.40
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NOTES FROM GOTHAM.

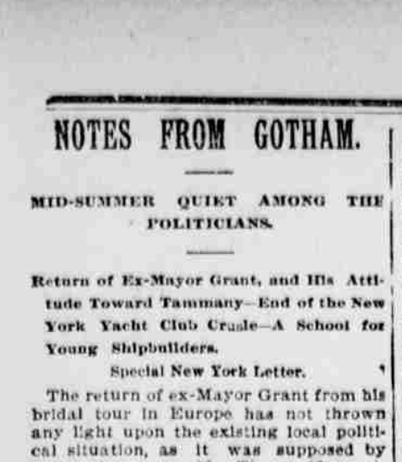
MID-SUMMER QUIET AMONG THE POLITICIANS.

Return of Ex-Mayor Grant, and His Attitude Toward Tammany—End of the New York Yacht Club Cruise—A School for Young Shipbuilders.

Special New York Letter.

The return of ex-Mayor Grant from his bridal tour in Europe has not thrown any light upon the existing local political situation, as it was supposed by many that it would. The ex-Mayor is well and happy, and has been the object of much attention, while rumor says that the telephone connecting with his business office has been kept busy since his return.

The ancient Greeks had a law that a man should not be drafted into military service within a year after his marriage. Perhaps the ex-Mayor considers that this law should apply to the relation of the modern American to politics. At least, he has denied that he intends to take an active interest in politics, and in particular has negatived all inquiries that he proposes to be the boss of Tammany Hall. He stated his belief that the old wigwam did not need a boss, and that he considered it far better that it should be governed by the general committee. So it is apparent that the era of unbossed politics is upon us, unless the very vigorous activity of Mr. Roosevelt at the head of the police department be considered in the light of



Ex-Mayor Grant is Kept Busy.

bossism. There is no doubt that many citizens so consider it, but, on the whole, our summer population has adjusted itself to the new conditions, and we are quite as happy as we were a year ago in the throes of the great reform investigation.

The New York Yacht Club closed its annual cruise this week at Newport in a blaze of glory. Splendid yachting weather prevailed throughout the cruise, and, on the whole, the runs and races were unexcelled for the number of boats engaged and interest of the contests. Of course, the trials of speed between the grand old cup defender Vigilant and the new Herreshoff yacht Defender were the most interesting features of the cruise. These races were for "blood," as the modern sporting term is, and the result fully established the supremacy of the Defender, although one of two of the victories of Defender over Vigilant were not gained without a suspicion of jockeying. In fact, by the public withdrawal of the Vigilant from any further contests with Defender, Mr. Willard, who has handled the yacht for Mr. George Gould in the ablest manner possible, has shown his disgust for the Yankee tricks of the shrewd old mariner Hank Haff.

Public sympathy is with the Defender, as it is always apt to be with the winner. I have had the real merits of the case explained to me by an old yachtsman. It is evident, he says, that when Mr. Gould offered the Vigilant to the regatta committee for a trial horse, he had rather a larger object in view than merely to try out the new yacht. He meant to beat her, if possible. No expense was spared to improve the Vigilant, and she was put in the best shape and handled in the ablest manner that any yacht has ever been in our waters. Mr. Willard and Capt. Charley Barr are past masters in yachting tricks, and in the early races the Vigilant got the weather position and blanketed the Defender every time that it was possible. These tactics were exceedingly annoying to the Defender people, particularly when, in leading the Vigilant in a run before the wind, that yacht persistently kept in a position to take the wind from Defender's sails and lower her speed.

Capt. Hank Haff.

Capt. Hank Haff finally got his Yankee dander up, and swore that he would keep the weather position of Vigilant at any sacrifice. And so the Vigilant's English skipper found himself more than matched by Yankee tricks and bravado, and was forced on two occasions to give way to Defender or risk a collision that might have sent both yachts to the bottom.

The result, however it may be viewed from the standpoint of yachting rules, has left no doubt in the minds of yachtsmen that the Defender is the fastest yacht ever built in this country, and that she has in Hank Haff as shrewd and daring a skipper as ever held a wheel. When it comes to meeting the English yacht, we shall probably applaud the tactics that so disgusted Mr. Willard. Capt. Haff sailed the Vigilant in her races in English waters last year, and he knows it is the English custom to take every possible advantage of starts and tricks in yacht racing.

It is a curious fact that a people so naturally adapted to maritime pursuits should have been so held back in commerce as the American people have been. The reason is no doubt due to the rapid settlement and development of the great West, which resulted in distracting the attention of the American people at large from the "spoils of the sea." Yet, as a matter of fact, the population of our Atlantic seaboard has never lost its taste for nor skill in seafaring ways. This has always been shown in our great coastwise commerce, and in our ability at any time to build faster ships than any other nation.

It is not generally known that we have a college for young mariners in this city. This is the Webb Training School for Young Mariners, at Fordham Heights. William H. Webb was one of the greatest of our shipbuilders in a past generation. He grew rich at the trade, and, with large-hearted generosity, established in this city two institutions that are unique in their way. One is the Manual Training School for Young Shipbuilders and the other the Home for Superannuated Shipbuilders and their wives. How significant are these two institutions of American love for the sea!

Seven of the pupils of the Webb school started this week in a boat of their own building for a tour of the great lakes. It is proposed next year to have the young mariners build a vessel big enough to cross the ocean and return.

These two notable institutions, founded by Mr. Webb, were formally opened in May, 1894. They are located on one of the hills in the delightful old village of Fordham, and surrounded by spacious wooded grounds. The school is well patronized, and has a number of pupils from the West. It possesses a naval museum, in which are placed models of all the best modern vessels. There is little reason to think that our country will lack for ship designers or builders in the future, when the Herreshoffs and Nixons shall have passed away.

The strike of the Brotherhood of Tailors seems to have been a success this time, and we are promised an abatement of the sweat-shop system at last. A year ago the tailors made a desperate fight to secure higher wages, but the strike resulted in a total failure. No doubt a better market and better prices have made the contractors more yielding at the present time. The making of garments has become one of the largest industries in our city, and it is mostly in foreign hands. The employers and employees are mostly Hebrews, who have come here so numerously during the past few years from Russia and Poland. There are about 700 shops in this city. The present strike has been conducted with a rare regard for order and individual right. No outrages of any kind have been committed, and public sympathy has been with the strikers.

MILTON S. MAYHEW.

BROTHER JONATHAN.

The Name of Jonathan Does Not Seem to be Very Popular Among Us.

The Englishman is John Bull, the Irishman is Pat or Paddy, the Scotchman is Sandy or Sawney, the Welshman is David, the Frenchman is Jean Crapaud or Micaire, the German is Cousin Michael, the Swiss is Colin Tampon, the Hebrew is the Sheeny, and the American is Brother Jonathan. There is a nickname for the people of almost every country on earth.

It is a singular circumstance that, while John is a popular prenomen in England, and Patrick in Ireland, and David in Wales, and Jean in France, and Michael in Germany, the name of Jonathan has never become popular in the United States. All that is necessary to give any one evidence of this statement is that he shall examine the directory of the city of New York from beginning to end, or shall look through the directories printed in Philadelphia, Boston, New Orleans, Chicago, Brooklyn, Jersey City, San Francisco, or any other American city. He may see Jonathan once in a while, as he turns over the leaves of the book; but he may go through ten or twenty pages without seeing it even once. Patrick is on every page of a Dublin directory, as John is on every page of an English directory; but as for the name of Jonathan, it is seen about as often in an English as in an American directory. It is possible that one reason for the unpopularity of the name with fathers and mothers lies in the fact that Brother Jonathan is always pictured as a very grotesque and unattractive personage, costumed in a ridiculous fashion, and calculated to raise laughter rather than command respect. John Bull is always depicted as a solid business personage; Brother Jonathan is depicted as a circus clown.

It is a wonder that no American artist has ever drawn a worthy figure of the great and mighty and majestic Brother Jonathan, one that would be characteristic, significant and impressive, without too marked a violation of the traditions that are associated with the name. It cannot be said that the "Uncle Sam" of the picture makers is any better than the Brother Jonathan.

Of the few eminent Americans who have borne the name of Jonathan, the most eminent was Jonathan Trumbull, Governor of Connecticut in revolutionary times, from whom, as ordinarily supposed, came Brother Jonathan. The historian Sparks says that Washington regarded Governor Trumbull as "one of his main pillars of support," and he was accustomed to consult him in emergencies; thus, according to an old story in a biography of Trumbull, the words, "We must ask Brother Jonathan," were so often spoken by the Father of His Country that Brother Jonathan became synonymous with the good genius of the young American republic. Certainly the nickname has been in vogue since an early period in the country's history. As ordinarily personified, however, Brother Jonathan bears no resemblance at all to Trumbull or to any other man of the days of the war of independence. The personification is both humorous and unhappy.

If the nickname grew out of Washington's remark, it had a far more distinguished origin than John Bull, the choleric, quarrelsome and vain old humbug. —New York Sun.

Food for a Lifetime.

M. Soyer, the noted French cook, made a curious calculation on the amount of food a healthy man will consume in a lifetime of 70 years. M. Soyer says: "The average epicure of three score and ten years will have consumed 30 oxen, 200 sheep, 100 calves, 200 lambs, 50 pigs, 2,200 fowls, 10,000 fishes of different kinds, 50,000 oysters, 5,475 pounds of vegetables, 245 pounds of butter, 24,000 eggs and four tons of bread. To this may be added several hogsheads of tea, coffee, wine, water, etc." The above amount of solid and liquid would weigh but little short of forty tons.

WHEN SUNDOWN CAME.

Then Was the Time, He Said, For Him to Act.

He was holding a handkerchief to his nose and was bareheaded and looked badly mussed up as a policeman stopped him on Brush street the other afternoon and asked him what had happened.

"Sir!" replied the stranger, who was a hefty young man of about 24, "I want justice!"

"You shall have it," said the officer. "State your case."

"I was in a place down here to get a glass of beer when a feller came in and called me a yahoo. I didn't keer nuthin about that, and when he seen it he called me a hayseed. I didn't get mad at that, and then he said he could lick me in two minutes."

"Bound to pick a fuss, was he?"

"He was, sir. I didn't pay no attention to what he said, however, and he knocked my hat off. Then I got mad and offered to fight him. I'm a good natured man, officer, but when a feller gets me mad all through I'm dangerous. I'm not a prizefighter, but fight after a way of my own. I never do any fightin before sundown. Yes, I offered to fight him after sundown, but what did he do?"

"Punched you on the nose, I should say."

"That's exactly what he did and then drew me around the saloon by the hair of my head. Officer, I'm a square man. Look at me and tell me if you don't think I'm square?"

"Yes, I do," replied the officer after a look.

"And is it right and fair for a man to take advantage of my squareness?"

"Of course not."

"Every man has his own way of fightin. I never fight except after sundown. I told him I was a square man. I told him my way of fightin. I asked him to wait, but he would not. No, sir; he just hopped on to me, and in 30 seconds I was a licked man."

"Well, don't have any more trouble," remarked the officer as he moved away.

"Just a word," replied the square man as he worked away at his nose with his handkerchief. "In three hours it will be sunset. As the orb sinks away to his nightly rest I will be there at that saloon, and in my heart will be a ragin desire for revenge. I will meet that loafer. I will light on him. I will crack his jaw, and bang his eyes, and break his neck, and when I am through with him the angel of death will have claimed another victim!" —Detroit Free Press.

How It Is Done.

Pike—How on earth did Smith become a colonel?

Colonel Frost—Easy enough. Train was delayed in Georgia, and he attended a picnic.—Judy.

Wheels at Small Cost.

"My scheme," said the promoter, "is absolutely new, and there is unquestionably a big fortune in it."

"Of course," returned the capitalist ironically.

"You doubt it," said the promoter bitterly. "You think it on a par with the majority of schemes that require at the best a big investment of money and long years of waiting for any return. But you are mistaken. My scheme requires only a little money, and it deals directly with the prevailing fad of the hour."

"Bicycling?" asked the capitalist.

"Precisely," replied the promoter.

"Well, that makes it worth considering anyway," said the capitalist, who was something of a cyclist himself. "Give me an outline of it."

"What would it be worth," asked the promoter guardedly, "if I had a plan for making bicycle wheels for less than half what it costs to make them now?"

The capitalist leaned over his desk and looked at the promoter earnestly.

"There'd be millions in it," he said. "Have you such a scheme?"

"I have," replied the promoter proudly. "It occurred to me while watching the scorchers on the boulevard. It should be easy to get some of them when they die."

"And then?"

"Why, all that is necessary is to put pneumatic tires on the curved bicycle spines."

The capitalist heard the promoter chuckling to himself as he sauntered down the hall, and he got up from his chair and kicked himself three times for his trustfulness.—Chicago Post.

Merely Synonymous.

"I've always said," remarked Mr. Scrabbles, "that too much education jest amounted to makin people furgit all about common sense."

"What's the matter?"

"My daughter this mornin asked me how I felt. I told her I was in purty bad shape. 'Oh, papa!' said she, like she was goin to faint. 'Don't you know that bad shape is bad form?' Ez if anybody didn't know that!"—Washington Star.

A Little Wise Caution.

First Burglar (at back window of big store)—I've got the hole big enough now, and we can git in without any more trouble.

Second Burglar—All right; come ahead. But don't make so much noise. Some o' these ere watchmen might happen to be awake.—New York Weekly.

Surprised.

She said my love she could not heed.
She couldn't consent to be my mate
Until I did some noble deed
Or carried out some project great,
And though I spoke my love anew
She treated me but scornfully.
What greater thing, pray, could I do
Than ask the maid to marry me?
—Life.

Statistics.

The report recently issued by the Census Bureau shows that there are five denominations which have more than one million members each, and ten others with a membership of over 500,000. The leading denominations are: Catholics, 6,250,000; Methodists, 4,600,000; Baptists, 3,725,000; Presbyterians, 1,180,332; Lutherans, 1,230,000; Protestant Episcopal, 540,000. Out of a total of 130,000 Hebrews the Reformed exceed the Orthodox by 15,000. The Salvation Army numbers 8,742.

His Excuse.

"What! supper not ready yet?" exclaimed the emancipated woman as she threw off her overcoat after a long day's business.

"I'm very sorry, dear," replied her husband, "but there was a bargain sale at Chintz & Chally's this afternoon, and there was such a crowd of men there I found it difficult to get what I wanted, and that delayed me." —*From Judge.*

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of Testimonials.

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A Great Offer.

The "Twice-a-Week" edition of the New York *World* (formerly the Weekly) has proved a phenomenal success. It is a Semi-Weekly of six pages, mailed Tuesdays and Fridays; eight columns to the page; forty-eight columns each issue. It gives the news fully half a week ahead of any weekly paper, and, at the same time, retains all the literary, agricultural, miscellany and other features which made the Weekly *World* so popular. Yet the price is only $1.00 a year. For sample copies address THE WORLD, N. Y.

Arrangements have been made by which we can furnish this paper and the Twice-a-Week New York *World* all for $1.75 a year. Take advantage of this offer and get your own local paper and the Twice-a-Week *World* at this special rate. tf.

An Interesting Anniversary.

Mrs. Watts—Why were you not at the church Thursday night?

Mrs. Potts—I was out of the city. What was going on?

Mrs. Watts—We celebrated the silver anniversary of the boy evangelist's work in the missionary field. Oh, we had a lovely time.—*From the Indianapolis Journal.*

Not Wanted.

"I have here," said the agent, "a noiseless meat tenderer. No more pounding in the morning and waking the family."——

"Don't want it," said Mrs. Hashcroft. "If I didn't get the boarders started by pounding the steak there wouldn't be any of them up at all." —*From the Indianapolis Journal.*

The Shakers have made a great hit. Their Digestive Cordial is said to be the most successful remedy for stomach troubles ever introduced. It immediately relieves all pain and distress after eating, builds up the feeble system and makes the weak strong.

The fact is, foods properly digested are better than so-called tonics. The Cordial not only contains food already digested, but is a digester of other foods. Food that is not digested does more harm than good. People who use the Cordial insure the digestion of what food they eat and in this way get the benefit of it and grow strong.

The little pamphlets which the Shakers have sent druggists for free distribution, contain much interesting information on the subject of dyspepsia.

Laxol is not a mixture or drugs. It is nothing but Castor Oil made palatable.

A Minister's Experience With Heart Disease.

Rev. L. W. Showers, Elderton, Pa.: "For many years my greatest enemy has been organic heart disease. From uneasiness about the heart, with palpitation, it had developed into thumping, fluttering, and choking sensations. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gave instant relief. A few bottles have rid me of almost every symptom of heart disease. It is a wonder-worker." Sold by Wm. S. Rishton. 6-15-1y.

A MOTHER'S DUTY

TOWARDS HER DAUGHTERS.

Suggestions Which Bear Repeating, as Their Importance is Immeasurable.

[SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.]

Only a few years ago even the medical profession scouted the idea that young girls could suffer from the misery of uterus troubles.

That form of disease, it was claimed, came only to married women.

When Lydia E. Pinkham first sent out the news of her great discovery, there was no lack of harsh speech from those whose practice and opinions she set at defiance.

But when young girls by the hundreds were absolutely cured by *Lydia E. Pinkham's* Vegetable Compound, then the tongues of the traducers were stilled, and faith was allowed to live in the hearts of the people.

Young girls are subject to this trouble. It robs them of the buoyancy of youth. It makes all effort distasteful.

It causes retention and suppression of menses, leucorrhœa, severe headache, waxy complexion, depression, weakness, loss of appetite and interest.

Certainly mothers ought to know that these are all symptoms of the one cause of nearly all the suffering that comes to women; and to save their daughters ought to begin treatment at once.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the surest and most natural remedy for women ever compounded. It will accomplish its work with certainty.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM

In effect May, 12, 1895.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 11.55 a. m.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.35 a. m., 3.25 p. m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.35 a. m., 3.15.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.35, 11.55 a. m., 12.20, 5.00, 6.33, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.35, 11.55 a. m., 12.20, 3.25 5.00, 6.33, p. m.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal, Philadelphia, 3.20, 7.55, 11.36 a. m., 3.46 7.27, p. m. Sundays 3.20, 7.55 11.26 a. m., 3.46, 7.27, p. m. Additional trains from 24 and Chestnut street station, weekdays, 1.35, 5.41, 8 23 p. m. Sundays, 1.35, 8 23 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG

Leave New York via Philadelphia 8.00 a m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.00 a. m.

Leave Reading 11.50 a. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.30 a. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.10 a m, 4.30 p. m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 7.00, 8.20 a. m. 1.30, 3.27, 6.15.

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 7.08, 8.27, a. m., 12.06 1.37, 3.36, 6.23.

FOR ATLANTIC CITY.

Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street wharf and South Street wharf for Atlantic City.

WEEK-DAYS—Express, 8.00, 9.00, 10.45 a. m., (Saturdays only 1.30), 2.00, 3.00, 3.40, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.40 p. m. Accommodation, 8.00 a. m., 4.30, 6.30 p. m. $1.00 Excursion train 7.00 a. m.

SUNDAY—Express, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.00 a. m., 4.45 p. m. Accommodation, 8 00 a. m. and 4.45 p. m. $1.00 Excursion train 7 a. m.

Returning, leave Atlantic City, depot, corner Atlantic and Arkansas Avenues.

WEEK-DAYS—Express, (Mondays only, 6.45,) 7.00, 7.45, 8.15, 9.00, 10.15 a. m. 3.15, 4.30, 5.30, 7.30, 9.30 p. m. Accommodation, 6.20, 8.00 a.m. 4.32 p. m. $1.00 Excursion train from foot of Mississippi Ave., 6.00 p. m.

Sunday—Express, 3.30, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00 7.30, 8.00, 9.30 p. m. Accommodation, 7.15 a. m. 5.05 p. m. $1.00 Excursion train from foot of Mississippi Ave. 6.10 p. m.

Parlor Cars on all Express trains.

I. A. SWEIGARD, Gen'l Superintendent. C. G. HANCOCK, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

SOUTH.— ARRIVE.				B. & S. R. R. STATIONS.	—NORTH LEAVE			
a m	a. m.	p m	p.m.		a m	p m	p m	a m
7.10	11.40	6.30	2.40	Bloomsb'g.	8.30	2 40	6.40	6.10
7.05	11.35	6.26	2.3	" P. & R.	8.35	2.42	6.44	6.15
7.03	11.32	6.24	2.32	" Main st.,	8.35	2.45	6.47	
		6.20	2.32	..Irondale...		2.47	6.50	6.25
6.55	11.23	6.12	2 20	Paper Mill.	8 42	2.54	6.58	6.37
6.50	11.20	6.09	2.15	..Light St..	8.47	3.00	7.42	6.50
6.40	11.10	5.59	2.00	Orangeville.	8.56	3.10	7.10	7.10
6.29	11.01	5.48	1.35	...Forks....	9.06	3.20	7.20	7.25
6.25	10.58	5.44	1.30	...Zaner's...	9.09	3.25	7.24	7.45
6.18	10.53	5.37	1.25	..Stillwater..	9.13	3.30	7.29	8.00
6.08	10.43	5.27	1.10	...Benton....	9.23	3.40	7.39	8.40
6.04	10.40	5.23	12.35	...Edson's...	9.26	3.45	7.44	8.50
6.02	10.38	5.20	12.30	..Cole's Cr'k.	9.28	3.47	7.48	8.53
5.58	10.35	5.16	12.25	..Sugarloaf..	9.31	3.52	7.52	9.00
5.53	10.32	5.13	12.20	...Laubach...	9.35	3.57	7.57	9.10
5.48	10.28	5.08	12.05	...Central...	9.45	4.07	8.07	9.30
5.40	10.20	5.00	11.50	..Ja n. City..	9.50	4.11	8.10	9.40
a m	a m	p m	p m			a m	p m	p m
LEAVE								ARRIVE

Chichester S ilish Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square Philada.

Sold by all Local Druggists.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS

For all Bilious and Nervous Diseases. They purify the Blood and give Healthy action to the entire system.

Cure DYSPEPSIA, HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION and PIMPLES.

7-12.1yr—N & C

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

8-9-4t.

Rochester Business University

If you have the remotest idea of pursuing a BUSINESS or SHORTHAND course of study now or later, you should send right away for a beautiful cloth-bound book that tells about a School of Business more famous from ocean to ocean than any other on the continent. Invest a postal card. Address "B. B. U." ROCHESTER, N. Y.

8-21-26t.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Time Table in effect May 19, '95.

Scranton (D & H) lv	.....		A. M. 9 38	P. M. 12 38	P. M. 5 10	Sund'y
Pittston " "	.....		10 00	1 00	5 30	
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	
Wilkesbarre....lv	7 25	10 15	3 17	6 00	4 40	
Plym'th Ferry "	7 39	10 2	3 32	6 05	4 48	
Nanticoke..... "	7 49	10 3	3 39	6 14	5 00	
Mocanaqua..... "	8 01	10	3 47	6 25	5 21	
Wapwallopen. "	8 11	11 0	3 57	6 46	5 32	
Nescopeck.... ar	8 23	11	4 08	6 58	5 45	
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.			
Pottsville..... lv	6 00	9 05	1 20	.....	.....	
Hazleton ..... "	7 10	11 05	3 04	.....	.....	
Tomhicken..... "	7 20	11 25	3 25	.....	.....	
Fern Glen..... "	7 28	11 34	3 33	.....	.....	
Rock Glen ..... "	7 44	11 40	3 39	.....	.....	
Nescopeck .... ar	8 04	.....	4 08	.....	.....	
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.			P. M.
Nescopeck.....lv	8 28	11 11	4 04	.....		5 42
Creasy ..... "	8 33	Via	4 17	.....		5 53
Espy Ferry.... "	8 48	Rock	4 27	.....		6 04
E. Bloomsburg"	8 47	Glen	4 32	.....		6 08
			P. M.			
Catawissa..... ar	8 55	12 18	4 38	.....		6 14
Catawissa..... lv	8 55	12 18	4 38	.....		6 14
Riverside..... "	9 14	12 37	4 57	.....		6 32
Sunbury..... "	9 35	1 00	5 20	.....		7 00
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.			P. M.
Sunbury..... lv	9 56	1 35	5 40	.....		9 25
Lewisburg.... ar	10 29	2 08	6 15	.....		.....
Milton..... "	10 34	2 13	6 06	.....		9 32
Williamsport.. "	11 15	3 00	7 00	.....		10 40
Lock Haven... "	12 50	4 10	8 00	.....		.....
Renovo ..... "	P. M.	5 15	9 00	.....		.....
Kane ..... "	.....	9 15	.....	.....		.....
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.			P. M.
Sunbury..... lv	9 48	1 50	5 50	.....		8 17
Harrisburg.... ar	11 30	3 20	7 10	.....		10 00
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.			A. M.
Philadelphia .ar	3 00	6 53	11 18	.....		4 30
Baltimore..... "	3 10	6 15	10 40	.....		6 20
Washington "	4 35	7 30	.....	.....		7 40
	A. M.	P. M.				
Sunbury lv	10 08	2 25	.....	.....		.....
	P. M.					
Lewistown Jc ar	12 05	4 25	.....	.....		.....
Pittsburg..... "	8 10	11 30	.....	.....		.....
		P. M.	P. M.	P. M.		P. M
Harrisburg lv	.....	3 50	7 30	.....		11 5
			A. M.			M
Pittsburg ..... ar	.....	11 20	2 00	.....		7 15

‡ Daily, except Sunday. † Daily. f Flag station.

						Sund'y
Pittsburg..... lv	P. M. 7 00	P. M. 8 10	.....	A. M. 8 00	A. M. 8 10	P. M.
Harrisburg....ar	A. M. 2 10	A. M. 3 00	.....	P. M. 3 10	A. M. 3 30	
Pittsburg..... lv	.....	A. M.	.....	A. M. 8 00	.....	
Lewistown Jc. "	.....	7 05	.....	P. M. 3 00	.....	
Sunbury..... ar	.....	9 05	.....	5 00	.....	
Washington....lv	P. M. 10 40	A. M.	.....	A. M. 10 30	A. M.	
Baltimore..... "	11 50	4 45	.....	12 40	4 45	
Philadelphia... "	11 20	4 50	.....	12 26	4 30	
	A. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	
Harrisburg..... lv	3 30	8 15	.....	3 55	8 15	
Sunbury..... ar	5 08	9 56	.....	5 35	9 56	
	P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.	
Erie lv	3 25	.....	.....	.....	3 35	
Kane..... "	7 05	.....	.....	6 30	7 05	
Renova..... "	10 25	.....	.....	10 25	10 35	
Lock Haven... "	11 25	7 15	.....	11 20	11 25	
	A. M.			P. M.	A. M.	
Williamsport.. "	3 25	8 15	.....	4 00	3 25	
Milton..... "	4 12	9 10	.....	4 56	4 12	
Lewisburg..... "	.....	9 00	.....	4 47	.....	
Sunbury..... ar	4 36	9 38	.....	5 25	4 36	
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	
Sunbury..... lv	5 25	10 00	.....	5 43	10 00	
Riverside..... "	5 48	10 22	.....	6 07	10 20	
Catawissa..... "	6 08	10 40	.....	6 26	10 42	
E. Bloomsburg"	Via	10 48	.....	6 32	10 48	
Espy Ferry..... "	Rock	10 52	.....	6 38	10 52	
Creasy ..... "	Glen.	11 01	.....	6 48	11 01	
Nescopeck....ar	8 04	11 11	.....	6 58	11 11	
	A. M.	A. M.		P. M.		
Nescopeck..... lv	.....	11 11	.....	6 58	.....	
Rock Glen..... ar	6 52	11 57	.....	7 22	.....	
Fern Glen..... "	6 59	11 43	.....	7 27	.....	
Tomhicken..... "	7 10	11 54	.....	7 34	.....	
		P. M.				
Hazleton ..... "	7 34	12 15	.....	7 56	.....	
Pottsville..... "	8 45	1 27	.....	9 05	.....	
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	
Nescopeck..... lv	8 04	11 11	4 08	6 58	11 11	
Wapwallopen.ar	8 16	11 22	4 20	7 10	11 28	
Mocanaqua..... "	8 26	11 32	4 32	7 22	11 38	
Nanticoke ..... "	8 46	11 54	4 53	7 44	11 54	
		P. M.			P. M.	
Plym'th Ferry "	8 54	12 02	5 01	7 53	12 02	
Wilkesbarre.... "	9 00	12 10	5 10	8 00	12 10	
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	
Pittston (D & H) ar	9 38	12 49	5 41	8 32	.....	
Scranton " "	10 05	1 16	6 08	9 03	.....	

† Daily, except Sunday. ‡ Daily. f Flag station.

Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run on through trains between Sunbury, Williamsport and Erie, between Sunbury and Philadelphia and Washington and between Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the west.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

S. M. PREVOST, Gen'l. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

STATIONS.	EAST. A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
NORTHUMBERLAND.....	6 25	1 50	10 05	5 50
Cameron.....	6 40	.....	.....	6 03
Chulasky.....	.....	.....	.....	6 07
Danville	6 58	2 12	10 26	6 23
Catawissa	7 10	2 26	10 39	6 28
Rupert.....	7 17	2 31	10 44	6 33
Bloomsburg.....	7 25	2 36	10 49	6 39
Espy.....	7 33	2 43	....	6 45
Lime Ridge.....	7 40	2 50	.....	6 53
Willow Grove.....	7 44	2 54	.....	6 56
Briarcreek.....	7 48	.....	.....	7 00
Berwick.....	7 58	3 04	11 12	7 06
Beach Haven.....	8 10	3 16	11 18	7 12
Hick's Ferry.....	8 10	3 17	.....	7 19
Shickshinny.....	8 20	3 29	11 33	7 35
Hunlock's.....	8 30	3 39	.....	7 45
Nanticoke.....	8 37	3 46	11 49	7 54
Avondale.....	8 41	3 51	.....	7 58
Plymouth.....	8 45	3 56	11 56	8 03
Plymouth Junction.....	8 49	4 00	.....	8 07
Kingston.....	8 54	4 05	12 05	8 12
Bennett.....	8 58	4 08	.....	8 16
Forty Fort.....	9 00	4 11	.....	8 19
Wyoming.....	9 05	4 17	12 16	8 25
West Pittston.....	9 10	4 22	.....	8 30
Susquehanna Ave.....	9 14	4 25	12 23	8 33
Pittston.....	9 17	4 30	12 26	8 39
Duryea.....	9 20	4 34	.....	8 44
Lackawanna.....	9 24	4 37	.....	8 48
Taylor.....	9 32	4 45	12 40	8 57
Bellevue.....	9 37	4 50	.....	9 02
SCRANTON.....	9 42	4 55	12 48	9 07

STATIONS.	WEST. A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
SCRANTON.....	6 00	9 55	1 30	6 07
Bellevue.....	6 05	.....	.....	.....
Taylor.....	6 10	10 04	1 40	6 12
Lackawanna.....	6 18	10 11	1 48	6 24
Duryea.....	6 22	10 14	1 51	6 28
Pittston.....	6 28	10 18	1 56	6 34
Susquehanna Ave.....	6 32	10 21	2 00	6 35
West Pittston.....	6 35	10 23	2 03	6 39
Wyo

The Columbian.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

The Columbia Democrat,

ESTABLISHED 1807. CONSOLIDATED 1869.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING at Bloomsburg, the County seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

GEO. E. ELWELL, EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS:—Inside the county, $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance. Outside the county, $1.50 a year, strictly in advance.

All communications should be addressed to THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 16, 1895.

Candidates.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
MORDECAI MILLARD,
CENTRE TOWNSHIP.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

In accordance with the resolution passed at a meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee on July 24, 1895, I hereby give notice that the Democrats of Pennsylvania by their duly chosen representatives will meet in State Convention in Williamsport, on WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1895, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the office of State Treasurer and Judges of the Superior Court, and for the transaction of such other business as may be presented.

In accordance with Rule 6, Section 1, unanimously approved by the State Convention September 19, 1895, representives shall consist of representative delegates, one for each one thousand votes cast at the last preceding Presidential election or for a fraction of such vote amounting to five hundred or more, in the respective representative districts, provided that each representative district shall have at least one delegate.

R. E. WRIGHT, Chairman.
MATT SAVAGE, Secretary.

When Mr. Buckalew said in his convention speech last Tuesday that the result of the election in this county last fall was owing to the hard times "and the action of a few base men," he meant somebody, but he didn't mean those who were hard at work trying to get out the vote at that time.

The resolutions adopted by the convention last Tuesday endorsing Judge Bucher for Superior Judge, and Senator Cochran and Represenative Fritz and Creasy for their course in the legislature, and Collector Grant Herring for his administration of the office of Internal Revenue Collector, were all well merited compliments, and were passed unanimously.

It is admitted, even by those who would like to see the Democratic party without any financial or political reserve upon which she might draw in the hour of financial or political distress, that the Treasury situation is regarded as encouraging, aside from the decline in the gold reserve; for the receipts are gradually approximating to the expenditures. Admitting the decline in the gold reserve, it must also be admitted that the receipts are increasing, and that trustworthy officials express the belief that they will soon equal the expenditures; so what is the use of repining.

D. C. Dewitt, Esq., of Towanda, is a candidate for the nomination of one of the six Superior Court Judges to be named by the Democratic State Convention at Williamsport on the 11th of September next. Mr. Dewitt is a thorough lawyer and a good Democrat and would doubtless add strength to the ticket. He is the only candidate in this section of the State and we see no good reason why he should not be nominated. His pre-eminent abilities have been called into play in all of our national elections and there are few who are better posted on the public questions of the day.

CIRCUMSTANCES ALTER CASES.

The virtuous attitude of Stanley Matthew Quay—a reformer of all monopolies and all national and municipal corruption—as now fully outlined in his manifesto of the 9th instant, is something of a surprise to friends and strangers alike. The very things he now proposes to do should have been done long ago, for they are no doubt quite needful for good and pure government, whether national, state or municipal. The trick seems to be to do them. But why so late about issuing such a worthy manifesto. He says in it among other things, "our success will commit the State organization against the use of money in politics; to a firm resistance to corporations controling legislatures, town councils, primaries and elections." That's enough; and should his success do nothing more than this it would be glory enough to cover a dozen future campaigns and entitle him to a granite monument higher by three feet and four inches than that of George Washington, who couldn't lie out of cutting the cherry tree when his father spoke to him about it.

O, CONSISTENCY!

The joint resolutions of the State House and Senate, which will be appended to the forthcoming Pamphlet Laws, are in large part a mass of rubbish, silliness and buncombe. The lack of consideration, dignity and decency which characterized their authors, abettors and sponsors is fitly illustrated by the resolution No. 40, passed May 9th and approved May 21st, in which, referring to the administration of President Cleveland and Secretary Gresham and their attitude toward Great Britain in the Nicaragua affair, Gov. Hastings and the Legislature used this language:

"We condemn and denounce the *supineness, dilatoriness* and *lack of national and patriotic spirit* which has characterized the administration at Washington in dealing with this complication, and

"We regard as *a betrayal of fundamental American principle, and neglect* on the part of the Chief Executive and the head of the department of State, to interpose resolutely and effectively against such forcible invasion of a sister republic, and against such infraction of the principle and precept of the Monroe doctrine."

They directed that a copy of this insult should be sent to the President and Secretary.

A few days after this resolution was approved by Governor Hastings the death of Secretary Gresham was announced, and straightway this body, the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, passed the following joint resolution which Governor Hastings just as promptly approved:

"Whereas, This House has heard with profound sorrow of the death of Hon. Walter Q. Gresham, Secretary of State of the United States, and desire to place on record its appreciation of his worth as a citizen, and his patriotic devotion to his country in hour of peril, as well as *his noble service to the American people in time of peace*; therefore be it

Resolved, That in the death of Hon. Walter Q. Gresham our country has lost a brave and gallant soldier, an enlightened jurist, and *a statesman of broad and liberal views*, and that *his services to his country* on the battle field, as well as *when he held the important and honorable position* of Postmaster General, Secretary of the Treasury, and *Secretary of State*, WILL ALWAYS BE GRATEFULLY REMEMBERED BY THE AMERICAN PEOPLE."

They directed that a copy of this be sent to the "bereaved family!"

Within two weeks they had denounced Gresham as utterly lacking "national and patriotic spirit," and praised him for his "noble services to the American people in time of peace." On May 21, according to them he "betrayed" American principles and "neglected" his patriotic civil duty, and on June 5 he was eulogized by these same detractors as a "Statesman of broad and liberal views," whose services as Secretary of the State "will always be gratefully remembered by the American people!"

Will the Pennsylvania Legislature of 1895 be longest remembered as mostly knaves or fool?—*Ex.*

COMMERCIAL.

Dun's Review of the 10th instant says: "Business continues unusually active for midsummer, and, though there is perceptible relaxation, there are no signs of reaction. It is said that about 100,000 miners will have their wages increased after the 1st of October as the result of the recent amicable settlement between coal miners and their employers in Western Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana. Taken altogether the crops of the year promise much better than was expected, and the effect is highly encouraging. Even though all crops should not be full, there is quite sufficient to warrant the encouragement now perceptible.

"The outgo of gold continues, and excites some comment, because it is felt that the bond syndicate could arrest the movement at once if it pleased by reducing the rate of exchanges."

If any bond syndicate, whatever, has to-day power to either make or unmake financial trouble for this Government then the sooner the Government can enact such legislation as will place its financial affairs beyond the control of such syndicate the better. We think it will hardly do to say this is impossible where an honest effort is made. A universal or poor man's bond would soon fix 'em; but this we fear we'll never get.

Decline in Steam Railroad Earnings.

The aggregate gross earnings of all railroads in the United States reporting for July, or a part of this month, is $34,995,035, an increase of 17.2 per cent. compared with last year, and a decrease of 10.9 per cent. compared with the corresponding period in 1892. On trunk lines the loss compared with July, 1892, is 5.8 per cent., western roads, 1.2 per cent. and southern 9 per cent. loss. Whatever the loss in steam traffic may be, it is no doubt more than made up by the earnings of the electric roads, which certainly tend to reduce the earnings of all steam railroad companies even though the privilege of carry freight is denied them.

The Ravages of the Recent Storm.

While this section escaped the ravages of the general electrical storm of the 12th instant, terrible damage and havoc was wrought by it elsewhere where it swept like a cyclone in its fury, causing much terror and loss of life and property. In this State perhaps Conshohocken near Philadelphia suffered most. Here the trees were mowed down by sheer force of the gale, five mills were unroofed, and the shedding at the Presbyterian church was lifted intact from the ground and carried some hundred yards away. Not discriminating in favor of churches (somehow lightning often strikes them without regard to denomination or apparent zeal and fidelity) the First Baptist church was struck, making a large hole in the roof immediately over the pulpit and doing considerable damage to the interior of the church. The hail accompanying the storm are reported as being as large as walnuts, and as having broken all windows exposed to their fury. Many people were stunned by the sharp electrical concussions, and some never recovered consciousness. At Fairmont, S. C., one terrible bolt struck four of a family down; two to instant death, while two may possibly recover. At Glen Springs an old negro woman was shocked beyond recovery. At Winfield Nicholas Kipp was struck dead, and fell prostrate over the sleeping body of his son. The father was in the act of closing the window when stricken. George J. Mallin was also stunned by the severe concussion and after recovering consciousness he found the angry clouds above him his only covering, the roof of his house having been blown off and the heavy downpour of rain having thoroughly drenched him. His damages are estimated at $800. At least a half dozen barns with contents are reported as destroyed by this storm in the county. At Salfordville H. W. Weaver's large barn and its valuable contents were consumed by the electrical flames. Loss reported as $10,000. Also the Swiss barn of Jacob Godshall, of Franconia, with his valuable crop of the season, was totally consumed. The loss is here reported as $12,000, partially insured. The destruction of John G. Richman's barn and contents was a loss to him of $1,000. In Bucks county the terror and destruction of the storm continued, setting fire to barns, demolishing hay-racks, unroofing houses, destroying orchards and ruining acres of promising corn, beating it to the level of the ground. Dunlap station, on the Pennsylvania railroad was entirely lifted from its foundation, while the large and valuable barns of James Evans, Oliver Harper and a Mr. Hibbs, with this season's crops stored therein, were utterly destroyed. The same destructive elements are reported as having visited many other counties and States, thus sweeping away in the brief period of this terrible storm the gleanings of a whole season's labor along with all storage-room needful for the future, and leaving many poor farmers in pitiable condition, indeed.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla is carefully prepared by experienced pharmacists from Sarsaparilla, Dandelion, Mandrake, Dock, Pipsissewa, Juniper Berries, and other well known vegetable remedies. The Combination, Proportion and Process are Peculiar to Hood's Sarsaparilla, giving it strength and curative power Peculiar to Itself, not possessed by other medicines. Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Sores, Boils, Pimples and all other affections caused by impure blood; Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Debility, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver Complaints. It is Not What we Say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla Does, that Tells the Story—Hood's Sarsaparilla CURES

Hood's Pills are gentle, mild and effective

GRATEFUL TESTIMONIALS

from a few of those who have been cured by the

NEW METHOD OF TREATMENT.

for the relief and cure of Hernia or Rupture. Our patients are numbered by the hundreds and range in age from four weeks to 70 years, and include those of both sexes in all the walks of life. For those who are skeptical by permission, we append the names and addresses of a few of our patients in surrounding towns so that you may call upon or write to them. Honest testimonials speak for themselves:

Abner Welsh, sup't. Jackson & Woodin car works, Berwick, Pa. No truss worn after two months treatment. Entirely cured.

C. W. Tammany, merchant, 161 E. Market St., Wilkes-Barre. Three months treatment cured him.

John Villinger, Stegmaier's brewery, Wilkes-Barre. Cured in two months.

Wm. Weir, contractor, Plymouth, Pa.

John Hughes engineer Hazard wire rope works, Wilkes-Barre. Cured. Two months treatment.

M. Conway, Sugar Notch. Car inspector L. V. R. R.

J. Rothman, carpenter, 312 Prospect ave., Scranton, cured in three months.

James Caffrey aged 70 years, 471 Hazle ave., Wilkes-Barre, entirely cured.

Edward Murphy, miner, 87 Elizabeth St., Pittston. No truss after two months.

Morgan Boyle, brakeman, 16 Gilligan's Lane, Wilkes-Barre. Son four years, cured.

Mrs. Schappert, widow, little son six years old, Nanticoke, ruptured since birth, cured.

Patients from out of town can receive treatment and return home the same day. No detention from business while under treatment. All the above attended to their ordinary every day work while being cured.

DR. A. P. O'MALLEY,

Twenty years continuous practice in Wilkes-Barre.

80 S. Washington St. Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

N. B.—We do not claim a "cure-all," but do say we absolutely cure 90 out of every 100 cases we undertake, and that this is more than a fair average. We make no charge where we do not cure. Many more testimonials can be seen at the office. We mention no names of those who offer any objection. Strictly confidential.

JOHN R. TOWNSEND,

Merchant TAILOR, AND HATTER.

SUITS FROM $18.00.

CORNER MAIN & MARKET Sts. BLOOMSBURG PA.

TROUSERS FROM $5.00.

The Greatest Sufferers in the World

are women; their delicate organizations being particularly susceptible to derangement and disease. Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y., purifies the blood and cures all the sickness peculiar to sex; it fortifies the system against the diseases incident to old age. It is the best medicine in the world for women. 2t.

Stock Certificates.

Corporations desiring stock certificates, are invited to call and see samples of lithograph work at THE COLUMBIAN office. Workmanship and prices are guaranteed to compare favorably with city printing. tf.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

ESTATE OF RICHARD SHANNON, DEC'D.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, there will be exposed to public sale at the dwelling house upon the premises, on

SEPTEMBER 11, 1895,

at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the following house and lot, situate in the Borough of Berwick, in the county of Columbia and state of Pennsylvania, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the east by lot No. 5, on the South by Jackson street, on the west by lot No. 3 and on the north by an alley, being 45 feet in width and 145 feet in length, and being numbered and designated as lot number four, whereon is erected a large two story double

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

frame stable and out buildings. There is also a number of fruit bearing trees upon the premises.

TERMS OF SALE.—$100 down, twenty per cent. of balance upon confirmation of sale, and the balance in one year from confirmation with interest from confirmation; deferred payments to be secured by bond and mortgage upon the premises. Possession to be given on day of confirmation after payment due upon that day subject to leases.

C. W. SHANNON,
CHARLES C. EVANS, Atty. Adm'r., c. t. a.
Berwick, Pa., Aug. 16th, 1895.

SHERIFF'S NOTICE.

TO OWNERS OF FISH BASKETS, EEL WEIRS, KIDDLES, &C.

Notice is hereby given that the sheriff of Columbia county has been notified of the existence of such contrivances for the catching of fish as are commonly known as fish baskets, eel weirs, brush or fascine nets, and other permanently set means of taking fish, excepting eel pots, which are permitted by Act of Assembly approved June 25, 1895.) I do hereby declare the said contrivances to be common nuisances in the Susquehanna River, and Fishingcreek, within my bailiwick, and order the same to be dismantled by their owners or managers, within ten days, so as to render them no longer capable of taking or injuring the fish of those streams of whatever kind. If this order is not obeyed, I shall proceed at the expiration of ten days to destroy the said contrivances, according to the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided.

J. B. MCHENRY,
8-16-2t. Sheriff of Columbia county.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the Orphans' Court of Columbia County. Estate of Samuel Yost, deceased. Sur account of Charles Gibbons, Executor.

The auditor appointed by the Court to audit, settle and adjust the first and final account of Charles Gibbons, Executor of Samuel Yost, deceased, and to report distribution of the balance in the hands of the accountant, will meet the parties interested for the purpose of his appointment, on Tuesday, September 10, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., at his office in the Town of Bloomsburg, when and where all parties in interest must present and prove their claims, or be debarred from participating in the distribution of said fund.

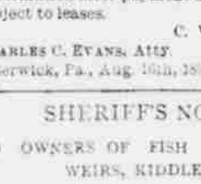
Aug. 16, '95. A. N. YOST, Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Cyrus J. Heller, deceased.

The undersigned an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to make distribution of the funds in the hands of the administrators of the estate of Cyrus J. Heller, deceased, as shown by their final account in said estate, will sit to perform the duties of his appointment at his office in the Town of Bloomsburg, upon Saturday, August 24, 1895, at 9 o'clock a. m. of said day, when and where all persons having claims against said estate must present the same or be forever thereafter debarred from a share of said fund.

7-26-ta. WM. CHRISMAN, Auditor.



KOMBI, ¼ size. Price $3.50.

FOTOGRAPHS

ALL SIZES, NEW STYLES.

Ralph G. Phillips,

Ground Floor Gallery, Opposite Central Hotel.

BLOOMSBURG, PA,

PHILLIPS sells the KOMBI.

7-14-1y.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE COLUMBIAN

In the Face of a Rising Market!

We are offering you now thousands of yards of cotton and wool dress goods, that we cannot commence to buy at the figure as they cannot be manufactured for it. Why do we do this? Because we believe in giving our patrons the benefit of our experience in buying before the goods advanced. You reap the benefit of it, and so do we but in a different way.

Wool Dress Goods.

We place on sale to-day some Henriettas that we used to sell at $1.00 the yd. To-day we cut the price in half and offer it for 50c. yd.

Skirt Lengths.

In our spring cleaning we found a lot of goods that would make a lady a nice skirt. We proceeded to tie them up in bundles for that purpose and to-day they go at just about one-half the cost when new.
Will make you an elegant skirt for mornings.

Remnants.

There is always to be found in this box lots of useful things, some long enough to make a skirt, some a waist, and you can always find some thing that will be of use to you. They are all of them marked at one-half the actual cost and some less.

Shirts.

We have just received a new invoice of unlaundried men's shirts. We are offering them to you for 50c. each. While the quality of muslin and linen which is consumed in their manufacture cost more now, but we bought it some time ago.

Can't be equaled in town for the money.

Madras Cloths.

We place on sale to-day one entire stock of these goods at greatly reduced prices. Some of them at less than half, some not quite so much, but they all go for one price· 10c. the yd., used to be 25 and 15c. and well worth it.

PURSEL & HARMAN,

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

E. A. RAWLINGS.

—DEALER IN—

All Kinds of Meat,

Beef, Veal, Lamb, Mutton, Pork, Hams, Bacon, Tongues, Bologna, &c. Free Delivery to all parts of the town.

CENTRE STREET, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Telephone connection.

Do your walls need papering? If so, call on

William H. Slate,

EXCHANGE HOTEL BLDG.,

and see for what a small amount you can have it done. Our stock is the largest and most carefully selected in town. The prices suit the hard times.

William H. Slate,

BOOKS, STATIONERY AND WALL PAPER.

Having procured the services of E. H. Froelich, an expert watch maker and hand engraver, all goods purchased of me will be engraved free of charge. I am also better prepared to do watch, clock and jewelry repairing than ever before. A new and complete optical outfit has been added, and glasses are adjusted and fitted free of charge.

J. G. Wells,

Jeweler and Optician,

BLOOMSBURG PA.

Persons to Travel.

WANTED.—Several faithful gentlemen and ladies to travel for established house.

SALARY $780.00 AND EXPENSES.

Position permanent if suited; also increase. State reference and enclose self addressed stamped envelope.

THE NATIONAL,
316-317-318 Omaha Bldg., CHICAGO.
8-9-16t.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 16, 1895.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa., as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

The Republican County Convention will be held next Monday.

The annual reunion of the Girton family will be held in Oak Grove on Thursday, August 22nd. In case of rain it will be held on the 23rd.

Geo. H. Enterline has been elected Principal of the Third street school, in place of Ira Brown, resigned.

J. Wesley Moyer has been awarded the contract for supplies for the public schools for the coming year.

The sweetest and best peaches, canteloupes and water melons at Hockman's fruit house.

Arrangements have been made to light the gilded dome on the tower of the Normal, with electric light.

Nathan Miller of this town has bought the Milnes homestead property, in Espy, from the Bloomsburg Banking Company for $2300.

It is said the recent advance made in the pay of the striking woolen mill hands is equivalent to about half the reduction made in their pay in 1892.

J. S. Williams, real estate agent, sold the double property of E. M. Kester, on Third street, to M. W. McReynolds.

Prospectors on the Forkston Mountain, Sullivan county, have discovered a petrified oyster bed on the Matthew Scovil tract there, at an elevation of 2,300 feet above the sea level.

Jim Corbett and Bob Fitsimmons, the pugilists, had a scrap in Green's Hotel, Philadelphia, last Saturday night. They are matched for a fight in the fall, but it is doubtful if it will take place.

B. F. Bartch who formerly resided on a farm above Light Street, and moved from there to Idaho a few years ago, has been bereaved by the death of his daughter Alice, aged nineteen years. She was thrown from a horse.

The board of management of the next Agricultural Fair may well expect an unusual influx of big pumpkins, the season being most favorable for them. In fact an unusually fine display of vegetables of all kinds may this year be seen at the fair.

Warren Eyer and Boyd Evans rode to Liverpool and back on Sunday, a distance of one hundred miles. E. Skyles McKillip started out with them, but after making seventy three miles the heat was too great for him, and he came home Monday on the cars.

J. Frank Smith, in excavating along his property on Wyoming avenue, Forty Fort, unearthed the stone work of a cellar which seems to be a mystery. The stone work seemed well preserved and in the wall he found Indian moccasins, arrows, hatchets, and other Indian equipments. Mr. Smith prizes his find quite highly.

Although an edition of five thousand catalogues for the Normal School was printed in July, another edition of three thousand is now in press, so great has been the demand for them. The prospects are that the attendance at the school the coming year will surpass any previous year in the history of the institution.

J. S. Williams, auctioneer, sold the properties of the Mary Clayton estate on Saturday, as follows:

Double house on Iron Street to Martha Vanderslice for $2010.

Four lots on First Street to Paul E. Wirt for $2240.

Three cornered lot back of J. B. Casey's lot to C. W. Neal, trustee, for $450.

There will be a festival held at the Heller Church, Madison Township, on Saturday afternoon and evening, August 17th. Supper from 5 to 9 o'clock. All the delicacies of the season will be served. Everybody invited.

We are glad to say for the farmers of this section that the crops are generally good this season. In fact we never saw their gardens looking more promising. Fruit alone can be said to be below the average yield. But this scarcity applies only to this section, as an enormous yield of fruit is reported in other sections. Surely the hard toiling farmer may well take time after gathering the bounties of nature to openly express his thankfulness for good crops, &c.

The following are among the improvements that have been made at the Normal during vacation:

Barn painted, grand stand painted, athletic fence painted, new book room, new Principal's private office, new walk from E. Second street to office entrance, cloth-covered swing doors near elevator to cut off noise from the Principal's private apartments, new matting on entrance to corridor, new dining room addition.

H. M. Hockman's fruit and candy stand on Market Square has been newly painted, new signs have been put up, and the place has been generally renovated and improved. He keeps the largest and best stock of any one who owned the stand, and his stock includes a fine line of candies, all kinds of fruit and vegetables. Fine bananas at 15 cents a dozen are one of his leaders, also peanuts at 3 cents a quart.

Many improvements in finished buildings, &c., are noticeable in Bloomsburg to any one absenting themselves even briefly. The finish and general attractive appearance of Bloomsburg homes makes the place remarkable to visitors, and this no doubt has done much toward inviting capital, and making it active while other less provident places are dull. The handsome finish of the Kleim drug store and the Peacock and Moyer buildings on Main street are among the attractions referred to.

Last week, Tuesday, during the thunder storm lightning struck a tree about 150 yards from the house of P. H. Freeze, tearing off a large limb, and peeling the bark down one side. A lot of rails were leaning against the tree, and these were knocked down, and one of them was torn to splinters. Miss Annie, Mr. Freeze's daughter, was sitting on the porch at the house and she was knocked off the chair by the same flash, but not injured.

The Fresh Air and Cold Water Club took their annual trip to Benton on Sunday, in Gilmore's band wagon drawn by Hartzell's four white horses. The following composed the party: W. H. Gilmore, W. B. Taylor, Morris Ellenbogen, D. Edwards, W. Deiterich, C. H. Reice, Chas. Stohner, J. R. Fowler, L. Lowenberg, John Cadman, W. A. Hartzell, J. B. McHenry, Wm. Rhodamoyer, Frank Deitrich. At Orangeville they were joined by Lemuel Drake and Hiram Shaffer. They dined at the McHenry House.

Among the calamities that might well befall us is the threat of individual coal operators, in their utter demoralization, to put one million tons of their coal on the market at $2 per ton. The consumer could stand this in a cold winter; and so too no doubt could the producers of coal. But this we fear is after all only a game of spasmodic bluff. The output will be apt to be regulated by the combines as usual. The quarrel is only between themselves, and their capacity for harmony where the profits are at stake has never yet been fully measured or understood by consumers of coal.

Fresh roasted peanuts 3c. qt. at Hockman's fruit and candy house.

The renovated cars on the B. & S. road are now a comparative luxury to the traveling public.

Hockman's fruit and candy is always fresh and the cheapest in town.

A good quality of envelopes can be obtained at the COLUMBIAN office, for $2.00 a thousand, with business card printed on the corner. tf.

J. L. Girton has leased Mrs. Phillips' building for a term of ten years, and will take possession next January. He will apply for a license and open a hotel.

The next Band Concert will be given on the lawn of the Presbyterian church, on this Thursday night. Ice cream and cake will be sold by the Christian Endeavor Society, on the lawn. Everyone is invited.

When the heathens begin to kill missionaries, as they are now doing, it is a pretty sure sign that the missionaries are trying to do something toward their reclamation and christianization. The present environment of the heathen is no doubt very exasperating, he being to day more than ever the subject of rivalry and anxious acquisition on the part of many and various christian denominations. Feeling it to be their duty to capture him, if they can, he strikes in his mad frenzy for the personal liberty and privilege of bowing if he likes to a multiplicity of Gods made of inanimate but perceptible material. In the present as in the past important reformations are seldom effected without some sacrifice. Before the heathen is fully reclaimed many more missionaries will be killed by them, no doubt.

The department of public instruction has furnished the city and county superintendent of schools in Pennsylvania with a list of the annual county teachers' institutes for 1895. The dates of Cameron and Jefferson county institutes have not yet been fixed. The Dauphin county institute will be held at Harrisburg the week of November 11; Cumberland county at Carlisle, December 2; Franklin county at Chambersburg, November 11; Perry county, New Bloomfield, November 11; Juniata county, Mifflintown, November 18; Blair county, Hollidaysburg, December 16; Clearfield, December 16; Fulton county, McConnellsburg, November 23; York county, York, November 25; Columbia county, Bloomsburg, October 21; Huntingdon county, Huntingdon, October 14.

Among the recently captured counterfeiters in Jersey City was one by the adopted name of William Brockway, who, being past his three score and ten years, and boasting a criminal record covering a period of forty years, was therefore honored with the leadership of the notorious gang. The fault of his being at large to day rests upon those controlling the executive clemency which is too frequently shown expert and rich rascals. Twice before he was in the hands of the law for expert counterfeiting. He began upon the first issue of government bonds, was arrested, but escaped punishment.

In 1880 he was sentenced for thirty years for counterfeiting and forging government bonds, but his sentence was suspended on condition of his surrendering his plates and giving the government valuable information.

In 1883 he was sent to Sing Sing for five years for forging Morris and Essex railroad bonds, and after serving his short sentence he was discharged on Aug. 4, 1887. Since then he has been free.

A Dog With Blind Staggers.

Our reporter noticed and called attention to a dog having blind staggers, on Main street, on Wednesday morning. Upon inquiry he was told it was the smaller one of the beautiful prize dogs belonging to Dr. Purman. Even temporary ailments of dogs, whether prize or worthless curs, are suspicious and dangerous when they are at large in the summer time.

Wood's College of Business and Shorthand, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

Wilkes-Barre will eclipse all former records in Business College organization.

300 purchased Charter Member Scholarships in 40 days.

173 day school.

127 night school.

The Scholarship includes both the Business and Shortnand Courses, does not limit the student to time and is good in both sessions at the price of one Scholarship, $50.

The home of the College in Memorial Hall is almost a palace, the equipment is superb.

10 of the Charter Member Scholarships reserved for Columbia county.

After August the regular rate of tuition will be charged.

Write for College Journal.

F. E. WOOD,
President.

8-9-4t.

Drug envelopes, Nos. 1, 2 and 3 manilla, white or colored, coin envelopes, and shipping tags, with or without strings, always in stock at this office. tf.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE OLD RELIABLE

SWEET CAPORAL CIGARETTE

Has stood the Test of Time

MORE SOLD THAN ALL OTHER BRANDS COMBINED

12-28-1y. K. & Co.

Lutheran Reunion, Island Park, Aug. 22.

On account of the Lutheran Reunion at Island Park (located between Northumberland and Sunbury) Thursday, August 22nd, the Pennsylvania Railroad Co. has arranged for the sale of excursion tickets at single fare for the round trip from Lock Haven, East Bloomsburg, Mt. Carmel, Harrisburg, Lewistown, Mifflinburg and intermediate points. Tickets limited to day of issue.

Wood's Colleges Set the Pace.

Wood's Colleges in Scranton, Wilkes-Barre and Carbondale, set the pace for all the commercial schools in this country. The combined Scholarship, including the Business, Shorthand and Normal courses, at the price of one scholarship, has touched the keynote of success. It is a reciprocal plan helpful to the institution and a great bargain to the student. Prof. Wood is deserving of the great success that attends his efforts and is entitled to the business in this part of the State, as hardly another teacher in the nation would have risked a fortune in in the equipment and organization of these three schools.

Advance Autumn Talk.

Gidding & Co. are making special preparation to make the season's furnishing business the largest they have ever experienced, and in order to do so it is, of course, necessary to have goods that are right up to date and in keeping with everything that is new and original. They are now sole agents for "Monarch" shirts and night robes, Earl & Wilson's collars and cuffs, "Cluett" collars and cuffs, Dent's gloves, &c. They make a specialty of fine neckwear and you can always find the newest patterns and shapes as soon as they are out. Their advance autumn styles are now on sale, and are very beautiful. They have made arrangements to have new neckwear shipped every 15 days during this season, thus giving their patrons the very latest things as soon as they are out.

"Defender"

is the name this fall's popular shaped derby or stiff hat, and it certainly does credit to the beautiful yacht after which it is named. A more artistic shape has not been introduced in recent years. It comes in black "maure," golden brown and Havana, and will no doubt have a very large sale, which it merits. J. M. Gidding & Co. are sole introducers in Bloomsburg.

Special Reduced Rate Excursion to the Ocean Grove Camp Meeting via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the benefit of those desiring to visit Ocean Grove (Asbury Park) during the great camp meeting, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will, on August 22, sell excursion tickets to that point from stations named below at the very low rates quoted.

These tickets will be good for passage to Philadelphia on train named below, thence on regular trains of that day to Ocean Grove (Asbury Park):

	Time. A. M.	Rate.
Leave East Bloomsburg	8.47	$4 50
" Cattawissa	8.55	4 50
" South Danville	9.14	4 50
" Sunbury	9.48	4 50
Arrive Harrisburg	11.30	
Leave Harrisburg	11.40	4 50
Arrive Philadelphia	3.00	
	P. M.	

Tickets will be good for return passage on regular trains until August 29, inclusive, and will permit of stop-off at Philadelphia within limit.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A lot of new judgment exemption notes, with attorney's commission, and waiving everything, just printed at this office. Sold single, or in ooks of 25 and 50. tf.

THE HARVEST TIME OF LOW PRICES

—in—

Dry goods, dress goods, shirt waists, skirts, underwear, hosiery, wrappers and

WASH DRESS GOODS.

Your pick of any of our 12½ and 15c. dimities at 10c.

A lot of English outing flannels at 8c.

Silks.

A lot of wash silks, 29c.
" " " lappet silks, 28c.
" " " jack silks, 38c.
" " " Black Poi de soi dress silks at $1.40.
hite parasols, $1.89.

"Shoulderettes," the new sleeve extender. Just the article. Does away with the stiffening in the sleeves.

A lot of goods at 19c.

Good outing flannels, 5c.

Hosiery.

Ladies' Richlieu ribbed hose, full regular made, in tans and black, 25c.

Full regular made ladies' black hose high spliced heels, 50c.

Regular made high spliced heels and toes, 20c.

Turkish bath towels, extra large, extra heavy at 25c.

Ladies' ribbed vests, 25c.

When you take that little excursion you will want a new grip or telescope. We can supply your wants for little money.

Black Dress Goods.

We are showing a full line of these goods now at lower prices than ever.

Black cashmere shawls at special prices.

H. J. CLARK & SON.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

MARKET SQUARE DRY GOODS HOUSE.

WE STILL RUN OUR BARGAINS ON WARM WEATHER GOODS THIS MONTH.

On all shirt waists.
On all light calico wrappers.
On children's corset waists.
On belts and buckels.
On thin goods for dresses.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

Estey Organs! Estey Pianos!

BARGAINS!

BARGAINS!

Now is your time to purchase the Famous ESTY Organ and Piano.

For many years J. Saltzer has held the agency for the sale of these very reliable instruments in Columbia and Montour counties.

As an agent, he has been very successful in placing large numbers of organs, especially, in the homes of the good people of his district.

This agency, so long held by him, he has yielded, and it remains for us to continue our business relations with the people, either directly or indirectly through another agent.

At present, we propose to meet the people of this district, with whom Mr. Saltzer has been so intimately acquainted, and who have been so *well* and *faithfully* educated in regard to the *merits* and *real value* of our instruments, directly; and for a short season at least, give them the benefit of our reduced rates.

Therefore, all persons who are thinking, or who have been thinking of purchasing an organ or piano, are most cordially requested to call at our store—next door to Vanatta's paper store, Bloomsburg, Pa., and look over our stock of instruments, and get prices.

For the next thirty days we shall make special rates for cash and good notes, on our entire stock of organs and pianos.

We offer large inducements to would-be-purchasers of violins, accordians, banjos, guitars, harmonicas and jews harps—violin, banjo and guitar strings.

Also, *extra large inducements* to persons wishing to purchase *SHEET MUSIC.*

We have a large assortment of music on hand which we offer at 3 cts. per copy.

Come everybody, and see how well we can please you.

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Don't Grope in the Dark.

We have bicycle lanterns from $1.00 to $5.00, bells from 25c. to $1.50, luggage carriers, whistles, cement, chain lubricant and everything a wheelman needs.

A $150 Cleveland (good as new) $60.

This is a bargain.

Call and see me and I will save you money.

W. S. RISHTON,

Opposite Post Office. **Druggist.**

Annual Report of the Schools of Columbia County, Penn'a.

During the year the work done in the schools of the county was in keeping with the conditions underlying and governing them. A stronger educational sentiment was noticeable throughout the entire county.

The county institute was one of the best ever held here, and it was the best in the attendance of teachers. Every teacher except one was present, and this one enrolled, but was absent on account of sickness.

The instructors were Hon. N. C. Schaeffer, Drs. J. P. Gordy, E. Oram Lyte, J. P. Welsh, Miss Gertrude Edmund, Miss Nellie Moore and Profs. Byron King and I. D. Fresh. For the evenings: the Chicago Rivals, Roberts Harper, Byron King, Will Carleton, Miss Vida Bowman and Elfleda Barnes Gottschall soloists.

The local institutes were held during the year at Bento, Berwick, Buckhorn, Espy, Jamison City, Mainville, Millville, Numidia, Rupert and Stillwater. It is necessary to unite several townships and thus form a local institute district in order to reach each teacher and every community in local, institute work. These meetings are usually well attended and productive of much good. The teachers of the various districts generally take an active part in the meetings and do practical work and the Professors of the Normal give valuable help.

Since our last report seven new school houses have been erected. One in Briarcreek, one in Catawissa township, one in Conyngham, one in Fishingcreek, one in Jackson, one in Roaringcreek and a two room building in Sugarloaf.

These are good substantial buildings furnished with the latest and best furniture and supplied with slate surface. The building in Catawissa township is unquestionably the best house in the rural districts. Well lighted, well heated from the cellar, and with convenient cloak-rooms, it is a school-house of which the directors and people may be proud.

The directors of Orange purchased the old Academy building at Orangeville and remodeled it, making of it a three room public school-house.

The directors of Scott having remodeled the Espy school house and the one at Almedia and put into both the hot water system of heating now have the best school houses in any district in the county except the large boroughs, and their buildings compare more than favorably with the best in these boroughs. In other districts school houses have been repaired and made more attractive and comfortable. We still have, however, one school house that has the somewhat ancient board seats and desks. The directors say that they will replace these soon with proper patent desks.

The outbuildings in a number of districts are not what they should be. Some districts have tried to comply fully with the law, others have complied in part, and others say that they will comply with the provisions of the law in this matter as soon as possible; yet it is necessary to state that the outbuildings in some districts need prompt attention.

A graded course of study was prepared for the ungraded schools of the county, and was distributed at the last county institute. The majority of the teachers did better work because of it. The directors of several districts adopted it and a number of pupils in the rural schools completed the course last year. Better work and better results may be expected the coming term.

It has been noticed during the past five years that of the young men and women who attend the examinations for teacher's certificates, those who are all round the strongest and most practically prepared, come either direct from the ungraded schools or from the country school after a term at the summer school or the Normal and stand higher and are stronger than are their sisters and brothers from our high schools with similar advantages. This speaks well for the ungraded schools and should inspire the teachers to do better work, and should encourage the directors to select only the best teachers, and supply all necessary apparatus and appliances for the country schools.

In Fishingcreek township we have something of an illustration of what a district advanced school may accomplish. The directors finding it necessary to erect another building at Jonestown to accommodate all the pupils decided to locate the new building at such place as will accommodate all the larger pupils of Jonestown district and be convenient also for the larger pupils of adjoining districts in the township. This was done, and only the advanced pupils attended school at the new building. So far as we can judge from the work of one term excellent results will be secured by this arrangement. It is worthy of note here that the township of Fishingcreek is doing well in educational matters. Four years ago they still had the two term system, but with the hearty co-operation of directors, this was soon discontinued, the length of the term was increased, the average salary paid teachers was increased, a graded school was established at Stillwater, and last year arrangements were made for the advanced school at Jonestown.

During the year every school in the county was visited once, about eighty twice, and a number three times. It was necessary to go a third time about fifteen miles in order to visit one school. At the two previous attempts to visit the school it was closed by the teacher. In every district it was noticed that something had been done by the boards of directors to advance the schools and make them more efficient. In one hundred and fifty two of the two hundred and thirty-seven school rooms in the county there is slate surface, a number of other rooms have excellent blackboard surface; globes are found in seventy school rooms; libraries, or the beginning of a library, in sixty-nine rooms; unabridged dictionaries in one hundred and fourteen rooms; charts in one hundred and eighty six rooms; maps in two hundred and seven, including those rooms having good maps on charts. There should be more dictionaries and more libraries.

There were ninety-eight men and one hundred and forty-one women teaching in the county last year, and as we get it there were ten thousand and thirty two pupils eurolled in the schools. In five districts the average salary of male and lady teachers was more than it was the previous year, in eight districts the average salary of both was less, and in fifteen districts it was the same as the previous year. In one district the average salary paid the lady teachers was larger than the average salary paid the men. The average daily attendance of pupils in eighteen districts was larger than that of the previous year; in nine districts it was less, and in one district it was the same. The cost of schooling each pupil per month in twelve districts was greater than it was the previous year; in fourteen districts it was less, and in two districts it was the same.

Two hundred and thirty-two of the two hundred and thirty-nine teachers report that they take educational journals and read regularly books on professional subjects. This is a great improvement over a few years ago, and it shows in the work. Our teachers as a rule, are faithful, conscientious, and capable, and give evidence of trying each year to be better prepared and to do better work, but the fact that a school sends out pupils a large majority of whom fail to come up to a very reasonable standard is the best evidence of the continued utter incompetency of some teachers. It is to be regretted that in several districts directors decreased the salaries of teachers.

A poor teacher is dear at any price, but a good one is rarely, if ever, fully renumerated for his work, and should be retained even at an increase of salary. During the past two years, because of an increase in the length of the term in some district, and a slight increase in salary in these, and others, we have been able to have better teachers, and to keep our good ones in the county.

As the salaries are being lowered and the term shortened these best teachers are again leaving the county to secure positions in districts where the term is long and the salary good.

This is very unfortunate. If we would have good schools we must employ good teachers, and such teachers can be secured and retained only by the continued assurance of being paid reasonably good wages.

It is not urged that directors should pay large, or increased salaries to teachers who, year after year, do no better work, but it is a fact that a fair salary must be paid to secure and return a working, studious, progressive teacher.

I was unnecessarily interfered with and delayed in my visitations to the schools this year to go to Bloomsburg to show the minority county commissioner and county auditor that the receipts deposited by me with the authorities when the $200 allowed by law was secured for the county institute were proper and sufficient vouchers to them, and conclusive evidence that the money had been properly received, and had been expended in accordance with the provisions of the law.

Our accouut was found to be correct, and it was audited without our giving any other receipts or vouchers than those given when the money was received; in October but since this matter has been brought up, it may be of interest to the people of the county to know how we have been running the county institutes financially.

It affords us pleasure to be able to account to the people for every cent received and expended at every county institute we have held and to take this opportunity to let them know how the business is done.

The receipts of my predecessor's, Mr. Grimes', last institute, according to his statement furnished us, were $1,057.45; the expenditures of his last institute, according to the same statement, were $1,038.54, leaving a balance for our first institute of $18.91. The receipts of our first institute of 1890 were.....$682.40
Balance from Mr. Grimes... 18 91
Making in all..... 701.31
Expenditures of institute of 1890..... 624.12
Leaving a balance of..... 77.19
Receipts of institute of 1891 were..... 777.50
Balance from 1890..... 77.19
Making in all..... 854.69
Expenditures of institute of 1891..... 699.68
Leaving a balance of..... 155.01
Receipts of institute for 1892 were..... 759.50
Balance from institute of 1891 155 01
Making in all..... 914.51
Expenditures of institute of 1892..... 847.11
Leaving a balance of..... 67.40
Receipts of institute of 1893 were..... 729.50
Balance from institute of 1892 67.40
Making in all..... 796.90
Expenditures of institute for 1893..... 729.97
Leaving a balance of..... 66.93
Receipts of institute of 1894 were..... 805.25
Balance from institute of 1893 66.93
Making in all..... 872.18
The expenditures of the institute of 1894 were..... 756.45
Leaving a balance in bank of 115.73

Each year at the institute a committee of five teachers is appointed to audit the accounts of the institute for the previous year.

I have the itemized, audited statements of these several committees and the receipts for all money paid out at each institute and any one at any time may examine the accounts of each and every institute.

It will be seen that the receipts at any one of our institutes never amounted to the sum received by Mr. Grimes at his last institute, and it will also be noticed that at no institute were our expenditures as great as were his at his last one. It will also be seen that the expenditures of each institute were kept within the receipts and that we have always had a balance on hand.

The receipts of our institutes have been less than those of former ones because every year since we held institutes and not before there has been another lecture course in Bloomsburg, but notwithstanding this the people there have always generously supported the institute lecture course.

That we have been able to hold as good, or even better institutes, with less receipts and with a less expenditure of money than was formerly done needs no explanation from us.

Arbor Day is not generally observed in this county. While some districts take some interest in the day the majority have never evidently given the matter much attention.

Beautiful silk flags were presented by the Sons of America to the Berwick schools, and the Women's Relief Corps of Berwick gave to each school in Briarcreek township two nice ones. This township continues to have a seven month term of school, at an increased salary to teachers, and has one graded school.

The majority of the directors are doing commendable work, and are careful and faithful in the discharge of their duties.

In nearly all districts they are more careful in selecting teachers, and it is encouraging to state that most directors now fully realize that the little people in all schools should have the best qualified teachers.

The Berwick schools lead the county in the quantity and quality of apparatus with Catawissa borough a close second.

The Pollard System of teaching reading has been in the Catawissa schools and in two rooms in the Bloomsburg schools during the year. No remarks on this system will be ventured at this time.

The Berwick directors have established a Cooking Department in connection with their schools. It is ably conducted by Mrs. Kusil.

The object of this department is to train the young ladies of the High School and the Grammar grades in the art of cooking, and each class is instructed in this art for one half school day each week.

The people of Berwick are to be congratulated on having this department established in connection with their schools. It is the first of the kind in the county, and no doubt will, as it should, receive the attention and hearty support it so well merits.

Some of the Boards have decided to have music taught regularly in their schools. This is a commendable move, and if a teacher is engaged who is well qualified to teach music the results must be satisfactory and prove the wisdom of such action.

The High Schools of the county at the close of their terms graduated about the usual number.

The Normal continues to prosper, and this year graduated the largest class in the history of the school, namely, one hundred and forty five.

In conclusion, I desire to thank all who have aided in any way to make the year's work successful.

Respectfully,
WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON.

Druggists say that their sales of Hood's Sarsaparilla exceed those of all others. There is no substitute for Hood's.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, August 9, 1895.

Senator Gorman is evidently letting the other fellows do all the worrying about the situation in Maryland. He has gone for his usual August stay at Saratoga. He was in Washington just before starting, and said; "The ticket is first-class in every respect, and the democratic party is to be congratulated. The trifling objections that are being raised against it are no more than were to be expected. The truth is there is less objection than I expected, and much less than has often risen before when tickets were named, and the party majority has been larger than usual when the votes were counted. I anticipate no more than the usual amount of difficulty in carrying on the campaign, and look for a good majority for Mr. Hurst and the other nominees. There must always be disappointments in politics, but the party in the end will get together and win, as usual. I have no fear whatever of the result in November. Long before that time all real democrats will be united for the common cause.'

Comptroller Bowler has heard the arguments in favor of the constitutionality of the sugar bounty, and against his assumption of the authority to pass upon the constitutionality of an act of Congress, but he has not announced his intentions. From what has been learned from other sources it will not be surprising should he, because of his doubt of the constitutionality of the original sugar bounty clause of the McKinley law, refuse to approve the payment of the money appropriated to pay sugar bounties until the Courts have declared the law to be Constitutional.

How many of the newspapers which make a practice of misrepresenting the acts and intentions of the administration, both at home and abroad, will make public the fact that the U. S. minister to China was the first representative of a foreign government to demand of China, at the time of the recent destruction of missionary property and massacre of missionaries, not only reparation for damage done and the punishment of those who did it, but the fullest protection for Americans temporarily residing in China? This demand was made in June and its effect may be judged from the more recent massacre of English missionaries, which has started the British lion to roaring at the Chinese dragon at an awful rate. In that massacre not an American was killed or injured, although they had a mission station near by that of the English who were killed. Talk is cheap, but when it comes to acts this administration is not behind that of any other in the history of the country in protecting Americans and American interests abroad. The fairness of the republican papers in your vicinity can be judged by the way they treat this Chinese incident. It's brick houses to ginger cakes that most of them will ignore it entirely.

Secretary Morton has more than once shown that his ideas on public affairs are of the good, old Thomas Jefferson and Andrew Jackson sort of democracy. He has just given another instance of it. Some time ago he said to a newspaper man in regard to a proposition to pay a government bounty on agricultural products: "If it will pay to raise and export agricultural products, there is no bounty needed. And if it will not pay to raise and export agricultural products no bounty should be given." This did not please the editor of the New York periodical for whom the interview was secured. He fixed up an answer to the Secretary's words and this week Mr. Morton received a proof of it. In reply Secretary Morton has written him a short letter, from which the following paragraph, which is a nutshell statement of the whole bounty question, is taken: "Be kind enough to explain to your readers how the bounty is to be raised to pay the producer of agricultural products for his exports, except by taxation upon the people. Has the government of the United States a single dollar that is not taken from the pockets of its citizens by means of taxation?" The bounty system is merely a modern application of "robbing Peter to pay Paul," and there is no doubt of its being class legislation of the most vicious kind, although it is difficult to convince those temporarily benefitted that it is.

"Beware the pine tree's withered branch,
Beware the awful avalanche"!

was the peasant's warning to the aspiring Alpine youth. Dangers greater than these lurk in the pathway of the young man or young woman of the present as they journey up the rugged sidehill of Time. But they may all be met and overcome by a judicious and timely use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the celebrated cure for colds, coughs, catarrh, and consumption. Better than hypophosphites or cod liver oil; unrivalled and unapproachable in all diseases arising from a scrofulous or enfeebled condition of the system. Send for a free book. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

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Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient. 25c.

Printing in Colors.

The prices of colored printing inks have gone down with everything else, and it costs no more to do printing in colors than it does in black. THE COLUMBIAN office is prepared to print in any of the following colors: Black, orange, deep cherry, brown lake, light blue, ultra marine blue, bronze red, violet, dark red, green, jacqueminot, purple, garnet, peacock blue. Printing in more than one color is done at a slight advance for the additional press work. tf.

"Nothing venture, nothing have."

Rev. John Reid, Jr., of Great Falls, Mon., recommended Ely's Cream Balm to me. I can emphasize his statement, "It is a positive cure for catarrh if used as directed."—Rev. Francis W. Poole, Pastor Central Pres. Church, Helena, Mon.

It is the medicine above all others for catarrh, and is worth its weight in gold. I can use Ely's Cream Balm with safety and it does all that is claimed for it.—B. W. Sperry, Hartford, Conn.

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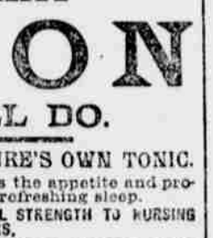

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OUR ALBANY LETTER.

A GREAT SCHEME OF RIVER IMPROVEMENT.

A School Book War is On—Increase of Life Insurance Rates—The G. A. R. Decreasing in Members But Not in Influence.

Special Albany Letter.

The work of improving the Hudson River so as to give a twelve foot channel to Troy, which as far as Albany shall be 400 feet wide, is now in progress, and improved dredging machines are in constant operation scooping up the sand from the bottom of the river and depositing it in scows to be towed away and deposited behind the dykes. The International Dredging Company has a contract for excavating 3,000,000 yards of material from the river bottom. For the most part this material is sand and mud. But near Troy there is a rock bottom to the river, and the work of removing this is comparatively slow, although the most improved machinery is employed. In former days rock of this kind was blown up with dynamite and afterwards dredged. No dynamite is now used. An improved rock-breaker takes the place of the powerful explosive. This "rock-breaker" is constructed very much like an ordinary pile-driving machine, only it is much larger and more powerful. An immense iron "hammer," the outer edges of which are cov-

On the Hudson Between Albany and Troy.

ered with heavy steel, is elevated by the machinery and then allowed to drop into the water. It strikes the rock at the bottom and as the constant dropping of the rain wears the solid rock away, so the constant dropping of this hammer pulverizes the rock. The dredging is then made comparatively easy, but a different dredge is required from that used for sand. The sand dredge employs an immense scoop shovel, with a bottom that opens at the will of the operator. Such a dredge would be worthless for handling rock. The dredge employed for this purpose has an iron bucket, which opens like two immense clam shells. On the over edges of this are steel claws. The shell-like halves of the bucket are opened and closed by steam power. When the bucket descends into the water the open mouth closes upon the pulverized rock. It is then elevated and swings around over the scow. At the proper time a steam valve is opened and the load is quickly deposited in the scow. The three million yards of material which the contractors will remove from the bed of the river, if piled up in one spot, would make a deposit 45 feet high and a quarter of a mile square. The problem of getting rid of this immense quantity of material is a serious one. In some places the dykes are being raised with it and then paved with heavy stones. The effect of this improvement upon river navigation will be apparent. One purpose of the National Government in undertaking the work was to make certain that the waterway to the Watervliet arsenal shall always be ample to permit of the transporting of the heavy guns which are now being constructed there.

A life insurance company with many millions at risk, and doing what is known as an "assessment business," has just notified its members of an increase of the assessment rates. These assessments are made at intervals of 60 days, and the increase called for amounts to almost 20 per cent. of the premiums now being paid. This increase will be a surprise to the policy holders, but there seems to be no doubt of the necessity for the action being taken.

The grip has been getting in its deadly work during the past few years, and all the life insurance companies are feeling the influence of this in increased death rates. As this particular company does not collect a large advance payment and then return the surplus to the policy holders, its only course in the presence of this increased mortality is to raise the assessments. Experienced life insurance men are commenting upon the probable effect of this action. No

The Last Roll Call.

doubt many members will be dissatisfied and discontinue their payments But none who are in poor health will discontinue, for such cannot obtain other insurance. With the good risks dropping out and the others holding on, will not the mortality continue to increase even more rapidly than before?

Attention has been called to the increasing mortality among members of the G. A. R. Very few of these men are now under 50 or 55 years of age, and most of them are much older. The records show that the membership of the army in this State is slowly but steadily decreasing. A few years ago it was about 45,000. It is now but a little over 37,000. During the past six months more than 500 members have answered the last roll-call. This is a much larger number than have died in any previous half year, even when the membership was much larger. Some politicians have been arguing that this indicates the decline in the political influence of the G. A. R. But such reasoning is not sound. The thinning ranks of the veterans but increase for them the respect and love of all loyal citizens; and besides, there are thousands of sons and daughters of veterans who are now in active life and whose influence is augmenting that of their fathers.

There are many indications that there is a school book war on hand in this State. The American Book Company, of New York, is probably the greatest concern of the kind in the country, but it has a lively rival in Ginn & Co., of Boston. The former company has had nearly complete control of the school-book business, but the Boston concern has been pushing their publications by an army of agents.

It is claimed that the hand of the school book publisher was shown in the law passed by the last Legislature providing more stringent rules for the study of the effects of alcohol and narcotics in connection with text books upon physiology. The law prescribes that text books on physiology used in the public schools shall contain a certain percentage of instruction upon the aforesaid subjects. The law seemed so worthy that doubtless no member of the Legislature suspected that there was anything behind it. The law, however, was vigorously opposed by State Superintendent Skinner, and it is now being criticized severely by many teachers and others interested in education. The bone of controversy lies in the fact that none of the text books on physiology now in use answer the demands of the law, and hence the necessity is placed upon all school districts of purchasing new text books upon physiology. The field of controvery opens a very nice question as to what particular new text book fulfills the requirements of the law. Many friends of education are concerned, because the effect may be to throw out text books now highly approved in favor of those of less repute, besides placing a new burden upon the taxpayers.

S. F. R. COE.

Labor Strikes in France.

According to statistics just issued there were 391 strikes in France in the year 1894, in which 54,576 workmen participated, and by which 4,468 were thrown out of work. Altogether 1,062,480 working days were lost. In 1893 the number of strikes was 634, involving 170,123 persons; in 1892 there were 261, and in 1891, 267. Wage questions caused 55 per cent. of the strikes of 1894. The strikers were victorious in 21 per cent. of the strikes, which concerned 25 per cent. of the strikers; 33 per cent. were partly successful, and 45½ per cent. were failures. There were 101 appeals taken before the arbitrators appointed under the new arbitration law, 93 of which were made after strikes had been declared and eight before work had been stopped. The appeals by the workmen numbered 51, employers appealed four times, and employer and employees twice, while the judge having jurisdiction intervened 44 times. The masters refused to arbitrate in 24 cases, and the workmen in 16. The employees in two instances yielded after arbitration was refused, not having stopped work, a strike was declared once, 21 strikes were continued, and five ended in the defeat of the employees, who gave up their demands. Of 22 strikes begun or continued after arbitration was refused, six succeeded, seven ended in compromises, and nine were defeated. In 61 other troubles 65 conciliation councils were constituted, two of which were needed for one strike.

Revival of the Curfew.

A revival of the curfew custom, which was originated in England by William the Conqueror, is noted in Minnesota, North Dakota and South Dakota. This revival affects all persons under 16 years of age, and was first started in Stillwater, Minn., in the winter of 1894-5. About 20 cities in Minnesota have curfew ordinances. St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth, and other large cities, have not countenanced the revival of the ancient custom, as not being in accord with the spirit of the times. In South Dakota half a dozen towns have adopted the custom, and it is thought that by January, 1896, every town in North and South Dakota will put it into effect. The new idea meets with enthusiasm among the foreign-born inhabitants, chiefly Scandinavians, but is not viewed with favor by Americans, who consider it unconstitutional, un-American and unprogressive. The various ordinances prescribe the ringing of the hour, which is 9 o'clock in some towns and 10 o'clock in others. In some towns the church bells are rung, and in all the town bell warns the police to clear the streets of the minors affected. No boy or girl can escape arrest by reason of deafness or the assertion that the warning bell was not heard. It is thought that the custom will have a good effect on the community and make good citizens of bad children.

Giant Corn From Peru.

Samples of corn of a giant species have been obtained from Peru by the Department of Agriculture. The grains are four times the size of those of ordinary maize, and Secretary Morton believes that the plant may be turned to most valuable account in this country. It is very prolific, and bears ears of huge dimensions. The species is quite distinct from any known in North America, and the name, "Zea emylacea," has been given to it. All of our corn comes under the head of "zea mais." Prof. E. L. Sturtevant is now making a study of this remarkable Peruvian cereal, with a view to finding out how it may be cultivated most advantageously.

The grains are extraordinarily starchy, even for corn; hence the name "amylacea." Already ten distinct varieties of the species have been ascertained. One of them would probably be excellent for canning, inasmuch as it contains an unusual percentage of sugar. It has been named "Zea amylacea saccharata." Undoubtedly the species is derived from the same source as the maize of the United States. All known varieties of this cereal, it is believed, came originally from the "Zea tunicata," or "clothed" corn, which still grows wild in Mexico. Each grain on an ear of this primitive maize is inclosed in a little husk.—Washington Correspondence Boston Transcript.

The Silk Petticoat.

The silk petticoat has become an article of artistic elegance, made of rich brocades and moire silk and trimmed with lace-covered ruffles and flounces of chiffon, and is almost as important an item of dress as the gown which is worn over it. A very dainty skirt is made of black and white striped silk, with a flounce of yellow satin at the bottom, over which is a plaited silk muslin ruffle edged with narrow black guipure and headed with black insertion and a ruche of muslin. White satin and white chiffon are the ideal combination for a bridal petticoat.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

POPULIST POLITICS OF INTEREST TO POLITICIANS.

The Views of Senator Peffer—Decline of Silver Agitation—Another Washington Tragedy—Secret Service Detectives Discover a Noted Gang of Counterfeiters.

Special Washington Letter.

The position of the Populist party is exciting much anxiety in the breasts of numerous politicians at the present time. Apparently the free silver leaders have been counting too readily upon the adhesion of the Populists to any political schemes they might originate. Senator Peffer has thrown a dose of very cold water upon the new Silver party by declaring that the Populist party will not merge with the silverites nor accept their leadership. While the Kansas Senator has been an uncompromising advocate of the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, yet he does not believe that a party can be built up or perpetuated wholly on the financial idea, and the Populists have a number of rather Socialistic schemes which are quite as dear to them as free silver. In fact, Senator Peffer, who may be looked upon as the leader of the Populists, has no hesitation in saying that he does not believe that the silver question will be the dominant issue next year.

Senator Peffer declares that it is a mistake to suppose that the Populist party is decreasing in strength. He has evidently noted the fact that the silver movement is losing strength both in the South and West, while it has never been able to secure a respectable foothold in the Northwest or East. He frankly declares that manufacturing industry has improved, that crops promise large re-

Senator Peffer, of Kansas.

turns, and that the business outlook is cheerful. He plainly sees in this situation a prospect that the people will not take very kindly to financial agitation this fall.

The Kansas Senator is really a shrewd politician. He has kept rather in the background of late, but has been watching the situation, and as a result he is satisfied that the free silver movement has no vitality that will justify its claims to success as a national issue. He is quoted as saying that the interest in the subject is now on the wane, and that we will probably have no silver party in the field this year.

Senator Peffer has some peculiar views. He believes that it is one of the missions of the Populist party to reform the currency, but he is rather in favor of plenty of money than of silver money exclusively. On the tariff question he is non-committal, but is inclined to think that McKinley and protection will be the issue on the Republican side. He thinks President Cleveland desires a third term, and has the strongest individual following of any man in the Democratic party, but he rates Gorman as the strongest Democrat before the country. It is at least worthy of note that he believes the country to be upon a rising tide of prosperity.

The National Capital has always been noted for its tragedies. I fear, as Ambassador Bayard is reported to have lately said in England, that we are rather a turbulent people, and disposed to take law in our own hands. The latest Washington tragedy was the shooting to death of Ernest Green, a small colored boy, by Miss Elizabeth Flagler, daugh-

William E. Brockway.

ter of Gen. Flagler, Chief of Ordnance of the United States Army. To the novelist looking for new developments of the curious phases of modern life, this case presents some novel features.

It appears that Gen. Flagler and wife were in Canada, leaving an only daughter at home in charge of the family residence in this city. Miss Flagler, as is natural with the daughter of a soldier, is accustomed to the use of firearms, and possessed a pistol of her own. Among the trees in the front yard of the Flagler residence is a pear tree. It is needless to say that this tree, with its load of ripened fruit, was an object of envy to every boy in the neighborhood, white or colored. As a matter of fact, they made Miss Flagler's life miserable by raids upon the choice pears. On the morning of the tragedy Miss Flagler heard a rustling in the branches of the pear tree, and the dog barked. She divined at once that the boys were at the fruit, and, in pursuance of a previously formed plan, she rushed to a bureau that contained her pistol and, securing it, fired it hastily out of the window. The bullet sped true and straight to where twelve-year-old Ernest Green, the colored lad, was hiding behind the hedge, frightened by the barking of the dog. He fell mortally wounded, and died shortly after being brought into the Flagler house.

The coroner's jury promptly acquitted Miss Flagler. There is indeed not the slightest reason in the world to suppose that she intended to commit homicide. No doubt the pistol was fired simply to scare the boys off. Yet it was fired in the direction of the ground and not in the air, and as Miss Flagler is a practiced markswoman, albeit somewhat short-sighted, it is easy to imagine a case where the question of animus and purpose would prove very serious in the hands of a good lawyer. Indeed, as the basis of a plot for a modern novel, it presents a number of very interesting features. There has been no little excitement, but the supposition that the colored residents of the District would make an issue of the matter has proved unfounded. Indeed, there seems to have been sympathy on all sides for the young

The Flagler Residence.

woman placed in such an unfortunate position. There was certainly no race issue in it, and it is not probable that public sentiment will demand any further punishment than the young woman must necessarily suffer for her act. But it is easy to imagine a state of affairs that would indicate that all the romance has not passed out of our modern life. The case will be presented to the grand jury, but it is hardly likely to result in an indictment.

It is a curious fact that no note, bond or security of the United States has ever been issued that has not been counterfeited. So say the officials of the secret service of the Treasury Deparement, and the fact seems to have a bearing upon the theories of those who believe in the free and unlimited issue of currency of any particular kind. It is evident that if the question of a free and unlimited currency were left to the counterfeiters it would be soon decided. American counterfeiters are noted the world over. This country seems to be a sort of nursery of new mechanical ideas, and so the counterfeiters find the best workshop here. In a subdued and reticent way our soil has long been the home for the manufacture of currency for the whole world.

For two years past a gang of counterfeiters have been issuing $500 and $100 United States gold certificates, and have flooded Canada with notes of smaller denominations. This gang has just been unearthed by secret service detectives in Hoboken, N. J. Among the counterfeiters arrested was William E. Brockway, the most expert operator of his kind in the world. The plates captured show that the gang was one of the boldest and most successful that has ever been unearthed. According to Chief Hazen, of the secret service, the paper used by the counterfeiters is such a close imitation of the official paper used by the Government for notes and bonds that it seems as if the counterfeiters were in possession of a quantity of the original. But the paper is in fact a counterfeit. The chief of the gang is supposed to be Dr. O. E. Bradford, a dentist of New York, who managed to escape. It is expected that he will be soon arrested.

Although Bradford escaped, the Government has at last secured Brockway,

Chief Hazen and Assistants Examining Counterfeits

the most noted counterfeiter in the world. Brockway studied electro-chemistry at Yale, and studied both printing and engraving. He began his criminal career soon after the war. He counterfeited the 7-30 bond so cleverly that $80,000 of the issue was redeemed by the Treasury before the fraud was discovered. Brockway was arrested and tried in 1884, and sentenced to thirty years in prison, but his sentence was suspended by the United States Court in consideration of his surrendering all the plates in his hands, so dangerous to the credit of the Government were these plates considered at the time. He was arrested in 1883 for forging Morris and Essex Railroad bonds, and was sentenced to five years in Sing Sing by Recorder Smyth, of New York. He served his sentence, and has since been a mystery to the detectives of the country until his arrest for the present crime.

TOWNSEND.

Future of Farming.

Commissioner of Education Harris, at Washington, in a recent speech, stated that farming in the United States must gradually drift into market gardening. If he had said that the future American farmer will follow those lines of farming which require the highest degree of skill and best knowledge, he would have come a little nearer the truth. It is doubtful if grain growing will ever again be profitable, because of the competition that the American farmer has in Argentine, India, Russia and other countries where labor is cheap. It requires very little skill to grow wheat. The poor ryot of India can grow it cheaper than the intelligent American farmer, but the naked Indian cannot make a sample of butter that the Englishman will buy. He cannot produce the beef and pork that will satisfy the appetite of John Bull; nor does he understand all the ins and outs of fruit growing. The only difference between wheat and butter is that skill has been added to the butter, and skill always commands a good price. The farmer should turn himself into a sort of manufacturer, and convert his raw products into a commodity that will command a good price.

Vision of Spiders.

Experiments have recently been made to decide how far spiders can see, and as a result of these investigations it has been determined that they have a range of vision of at least a foot. It is not always possible to tell, however, whether the lower animals perceive by sight or hearing, or by the action which air in motion has on their bodies. Experiments tend to show that mice are sensitive to motions of the air which to human ears create no sound whatever.

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We are selling all Russet shoes at cut prices :
Men's $3.00 Russet shoes now $2.25.
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One-fourth off on all ladies,' misses' and children's Russet shoes, button or lace.

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On East Rock street, Bloomsburg. Inquire at this office.

Found.

A lady's gold watch chain was found recently, and has been left at this office. The owner can have it by proving property and paying for this notice. tf.

A Nuisance.

A fellow who was canvassing Sunbury Friday as a purchaser of old gold, is one of the many nuisances with which householders are inflicted. Of course the average house has no old gold to sell, but in such cases the canvasser has. To a lady on Walnut street he showed a pair of spectacles which he said were sold to him in Danville, and it was a pity to break them up as they were as good as new; what would the lady give for them? "Fifty cents," she said bluffingly. This was a starter. He would take $2.50, then gradually came down to $1, and at last said "take them for your 50 cents." This made the lady suspicious and she backed out, when the blackguard showered abuse upon her. He no doubt makes a specialty of this spectacle racket, having a stock of cheap ones on hand which he palms off for gold.

Another nuisance is the fellow who incites children to gather old postage stamps. There are old stamps that have a value on account of their rarity, for some of which a high price is paid, and this has led some sharpers to engage in the sale of "price lists of rare stamps," out of which they doubtless make more or less money. One of these was also about recently distributing circulars which were baited quite alluringly and then closed by saying that a price list could be secured by sending 4 cents in stamps to him by mail. There is big profit in this apparently "peanut" transaction.

It pays to be on the alert for such rascals these days. In fact we need but few things which we cannot buy from responsible dealers, or those with whom we are acquainted. Besides we owe something to the business interests of the community in which we live.

Huntington Valley Campmeeting

Huntington Valley Campmeeting near Shickshinny opens Tuesday evening, Aug. 20, to continue ten days. Wednesday will be Epworth League day with a fine program. Rev. B. C. Conner, the conference president, will deliver an address. Thursday afternoon Mrs. L. T. Thompkinson, of Berwick, will speak on Home Missions and Friday afternoon Mrs. Purdy and Miss Danforth, a returned missionary, will present the claims of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society. Monday will be Old Folks day. Rev. A. M. Barnitz, of Mechanicsburg, will deliver the sermon and the Wyoming conference trio will lead the singing on that day. Bishop William Taylor, of Africa, will deliver the Sunday sermon and Rev. B. F. Dimmock, D. D., of Harrisburg, will preach on Tuesday. Rev. G. Murray Klepfer will conduct the singing. Pentecostal Hymns being used. Stages meet all trains at Shickshinny, the fare to the grove being 25 cents. A finely equipped boarding house will accommodate all who come.

The Wash Tub versus High Art.

Reading papers report an exciting and enjoyable tub race in which six more or less good looking girls took part and vied with each other for prizes. The first prize being a gold bracelet, the second a basket of flowers, and the third a fan, they were the ostensible inducements to the participants. But to ask this same sextet to locate their tubs on the banks of the beautiful stream in which they struggled before the admiring gaze of a sportive throng, and there see who could first finish a dirty wash and string 'em on an old-fashioned clothes-line, would likely be asking too much, and it would no doubt be far less attractive to the gay ladies and their sportive throng of admirers, but at the same time that would be the most admirable accomplishment and go farther toward winning the best prize a lady can win, namely, a strong armed husband who is willing to carry wash-water, build wash-fire, empty wash-tubs, and, in fact, do everything but wash for her own dear self, his lowing wife.

RICH FIND OF BOYS.

YOUNGSTERS UNEARTH A BOX CONTAINING SEVERAL $20 GOLD PIECES.

A big sensation was created in Pottsville by the finding at the upper end of Pottsville of a tin box containing $140 in gold in the denomination of seven $20 gold pieces.

The treasure was found by Willie Miller, aged about 14 years, and a son of George Skidmore, upon the property of the latter. The boys found the gold in a coal bin which is located some distance from the house.

It appears that they were engaged in cleaning out the coal house, which has a ground floor, and unexpectedly unearthed the tin box containing the gold pieces.

It is believed that this is a part of the money buried by a wealthy Scotchman named John McNair, who at one time lived in the house now occupied by the Skidmores, and died, leaving no property as far as any one could learn, but who, it is believed, buried a large amount of money, a portion of which is the $140 in gold.

McNair went to California when the gold fever broke out there in 1849, and returned about 1864 with between $8,000 and $10,000 in gold. As he never believed in banks, it was thought he buried his money, but failed to reveal its hiding place even on his death bed. He was a man of eccentric habits, and was always flush and paid his debts in gold.

Elsie K. wife of Isaiah R. Rupert of Shickshinny, was injured recently by an accident on the trolley cars near Wilkes-Barre. She has brought suit for $25.000 damages, and Mr. Rupert has also sued the company for $10.000 damages for loss of his wife's services.

If a flowering plant does not blossom, there's little beauty in it. If it is sick and faded and withered and lifeless, nobody cares for it. It falls short of its object in being. It is incomplete—unfinished.

Times without number women have been likened to flowers—and rightly. But what of her whose physical condition corresponds with the blossomless plant? What of the woman whom weakness has made not wholly and wholesomely a woman? Many things lead to derangement of a woman's delicate organism. It may be due to carelessness. It may be due to ignorance fostered by mistaken parents on the plea of preserving modesty.

It may result from improper treatment of some minor trouble. Whatever sickness a woman has, it seems always to affect the organs which make her a woman and these in turn work upon all the rest. There is much insanity among women. It is really surprising that there is not more.

The troubles peculiar to their sex work strongly on the nerves. They drag upon the most delicate nerves in the body and the inflammation always present causes a debilitating drain that will enervate the most robust.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has brought comfort and health to thousands of suffering women. For many years, Dr. Pierce has been Chief Consulting Physician at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute at Buffalo, N. Y. He has used the "Favorite Prescription" all the time, with uniform success. With it, there is no need of the commonly insisted upon distressing examinations and "local treatment." Ten cents sent to World's Dispensary Medical Association, will bring a book of 168 pages, sealed in a plain envelope.

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TRADE ELLULOID MARK.

They are the only Interlined Collars and Cuffs, and are made of linen, covered with waterproof "CELLULOID." They'll stand right by you day in and day out, and they are all marked this way

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The first cost is the only cost, for they keep clean a long time, and when soiled you can clean them in a minute by simply wiping off with a wet cloth—that is the kind marked this way

TRADE ELLULOID MARK.

These collars and cuffs will outlast six linen ones. The wearer escapes laundry trials and laundry bills—no chafed neck and no wilting down if you get a collar marked this way

TRADE ELLULOID MARK.

Ask your dealer first, and take nothing that has not above trade mark, if you desire perfect satisfaction. All others are imitations absolutely.

If you can't find collars or cuffs marked this way, we will send you a sample postpaid on receipt of price. Collars, 25 cts. each. Cuffs 50 cts. pair. Give your size and say whether stand-up or turned-down collar is wanted.

THE CELLULOID COMPANY,
427-29 Broadway, NEW YORK.

The Bloomsburg Wheelmens' Race Meet Next Saturday.

Bloomsburg does nothing by halves, Bloomsburg wheelmen are tarred with the same stick. When the subject of a bicycle race meet was broached some wondered if the wheelmen were not "biting off more than they could chew." We are happy to say, however, that such was not the case, as to-day everything is in splendid shape for the meet; and, if it is a clear day, the grounds will be packed. The secretary has received the entry of every first-class racing man in this part of the country, among whom we mention Krick, Corser, Miner, Diffenderfer, Gstalder, Gardner, Coleman and some 40 others. The entries are so large that the ½ mile open and the 1 mile open will have to be run in heats. This will insure lots of exciting finishes and hair raising spurts.

Sid Black, the champion trick rider of the world, will be here and give his wonderful exhibition. There is nothing he cannot do on a wheel. This alone will be worth the price of admission. The whole Scranton racing team will be here with their tandem team to pace. This will insure fast time, and if the State record of 2:11 2-5 is not broken it will be a wonder.

Admission tickets, at 25 cents, can now be bought at most of the stores in town, and reserved seats for the grand stand are also on sale at Slate's book store.

On Friday evening a monster lantern parade will be held, which will take in nearly every street in town. The wheels will be one blaze of light, and the decorations unsurpassed, as three prizes will be offered for the best decorated wheels in line, as follows:

1st. A fine pair of statuary for the finest mens' decoration.

2nd. A $5 pair of ladies shoes, given by J. A. Hess, for the most beautiful ladies' wheel.

3d. A woolen sweater, given by J. M. Gidding, for the best decoration on a boy's wheel.

The judges will be J. C. Brown, J. C. Rutter and J. M. Gidding.

All wheelmen should turn out and make it a howling success. Some of the business places and residences will be decorated, and for that night the wheelmen will own the town. Headquarters will be established on Saturday, and a reception committee will meet all trains and escort visiting wheelmen to their hotel.

The Protective Mantle Over the Word of God at Last.

If we have read history aright then the Word of God was once monopolized by a crafty priesthood from whom it was eventually wrested for universal interpretation and the common good and blessing. No doubt the battles for civil and religious liberty were among the very fiercest fought by our heroic forefathers. The warfare in behalf of religious liberty and a free and open Bible through God's mercy and justice terminated eventually in favor of the masses and against the monopolistic classes. But, strange to relate, we seem to have reached the time when the protective and monopolistic mantle is again thrown over the Word of God. Thus history repeats itself. "Is it possible," do you say?" We reiterate it is, my dear sir. The free trade Bible, that is the free-to-all, the open, and unmonopolized Word of God, prevailed, at least in this land of the free, until quite recently, when Cranston and Curts, of the Methodist Book Concern, got the bulge on the copyright law and thus appropriated to their own exclusive use as printers, every particle of the Word of God that is and shall be embraced and contained in the Epworth League topics now, henceforth and forever. There being about 15,000 Epworth Leagues scattered over this country, and whose printing of the scriptural references has hitherto been done in about 15,000 different printing offices, the subtle object of thus monopolizing the Word of God against stuggling country printing offices is quite apparent to more folks than those interested in the Methodist Book Concern.

To the writer it seems that if these scriptural references can be thus monopolized by Cranston & Curts, then the Lord's Prayer and the Ten Commandments are in imminent danger, also, of being gobbled up by them or by some other enterprising city printer who is not in full sympathy with country printers. The man who says that such protection don't protect labors under a vain delusion.

We question the moral and legal right of any body to thus display no originality whatever and yet presume to throw the exclusive protection of the copyright law over any portion of the Word of God, and do it merely for the sake of undue advantage and temporal gain.

Milton's Big Fair.

The eleventh annual meeting of the Milton Driving Park and Fair Association will occur on the 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th of September, and it will be the biggest and best meeting the society has ever held. The premiums and purses are more liberal than those of any other fair in the central part of the state. Extensive improvements have been made in the buildings and grounds and a fine exhibit in all departments of the fair is promised. There is every promise of a large field of horses for the races. The society has just signed a contract with Fenz & Co., the famous booking agents, for exhibitions daily by the great Arab Troupe, Bark Ben Achmet—composed of three men and three ladies. The feats of this troupe are marvelous and they will give exhibitions each day of the fair. The railroads will all run specials and sell excursion tickets.

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP-ROOT

THE GREAT KIDNEY, LIVER AND BLADDER CURE.

Dissolves Gravel,
Gall stone, brick dust in urine, pain in urethra, straining after urination, pain in the back and hips, sudden stoppage of water with pressure.

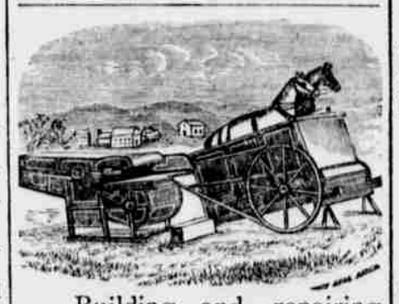
Bright's Disease,
Tube casts in urine, scanty urine. *Swamp-Root* cures urinary troubles and kidney difficulties.

Liver Complaint,
Torpid or enlarged liver, foul breath, biliousness, bilious headache, poor digestion, gout.

Catarrh of the Bladder,
Inflammation, irritation, ulceration, dribbling, frequent calls, pass blood, mucus or pus.

Guarantee—Use contents of One Bottle, if not benefited, Druggists will refund to you the price paid.

At Druggists, 50c. Size, $1.00 Size.
"Invalids' Guide to Health" free. Consultation free.
DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.



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Shingles, Plastering Lath, Hemlock and Pine cut to bills.

We have saw-mills on this tract running daily, and have there on hand and can cut timber &c. at any time.

Shingles, No 1, all 5 and 6 in. selected,	$1.50 M
" No 1, all 5 and 6 in. best pine,	$2.50 M
Plastering lath, 4 ft. long,	$1.50 M
" " 3 ft. long,	$1.25 M
Hemlock, common sizes,	$8.00 M

For special orders and for Terms &c., write or call at office of

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"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTYN, D. D., New York City.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

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Spring and Summer weight Underwear.

Hosiery, corsets, etc. of the best makes and the best assortment at the lowest prices.

CORNER IRON AND MAIN STS. W. H. Moore.

SCRANTON BUSINESS COLLEGE

3 COURSES $50.

From now until Sept. 15, in order to be sure that we shall graduate book-keepers and stenographers enough to supply the demand of business men upon this College, we will sell a combined scholarship, embracing the **COMPLETE BUSINESS COURSE, COMPLETE STENOGRAPHIC COURSE and ACADEMIC COURSE** for the price of one scholarship—**FIFTY DOLLARS.** This offer will remain open only until Sept. 15. Regular rates after that. Buy this scholarship now and enter later if more convenient. Regular day and evening sessions reopen Sept. 2.

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Cleanse the Bowels and Purify the Blood! Cure Diarrhœa, Dysentery and Dyspepsia, and give healthy action to the entire system.